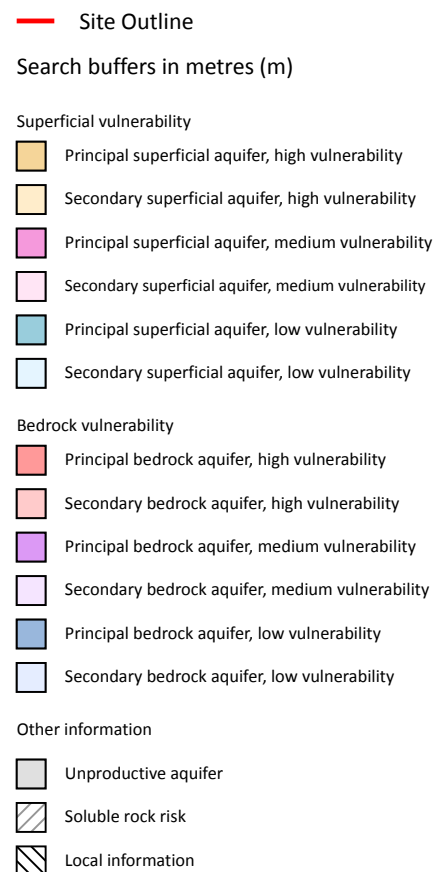
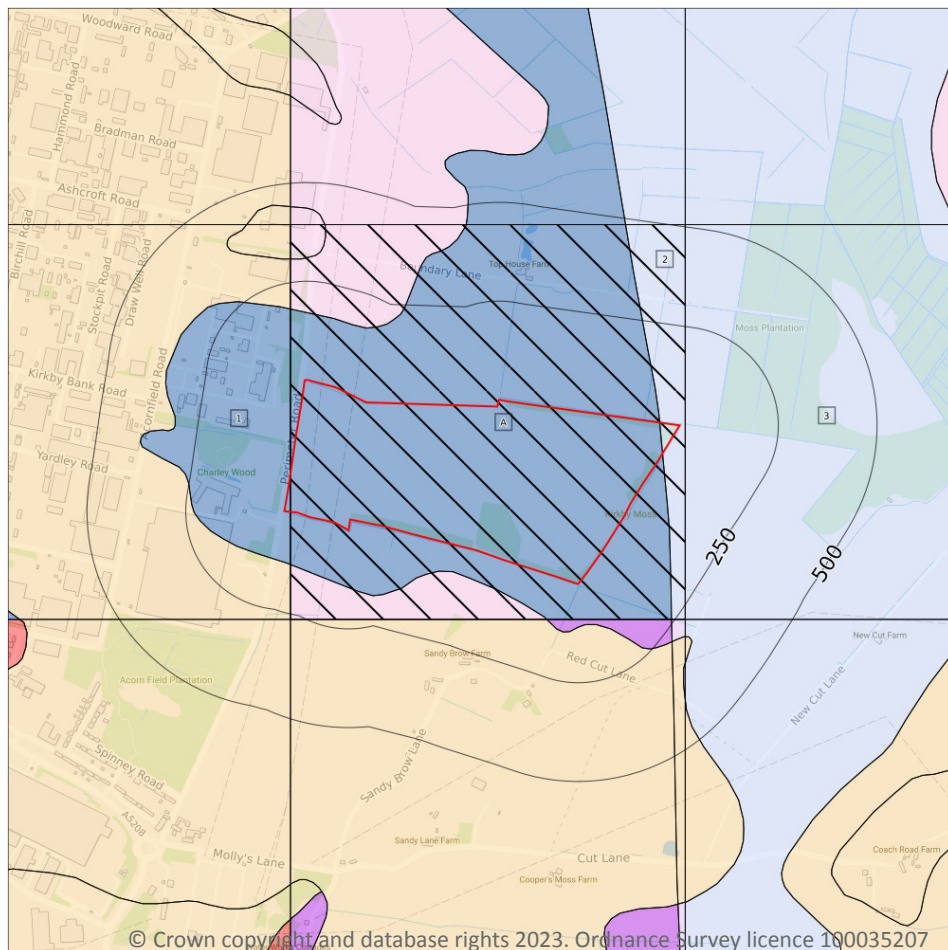


Groundwater vulnerability



5.3 Groundwater vulnerability

Records within 50m

4

An assessment of the vulnerability of groundwater to a pollutant discharged at ground level based on the hydrological, geological, hydrogeological and soil properties within a one kilometre square grid. Groundwater vulnerability is described as High, Medium or Low as follows:

- High - Areas able to easily transmit pollution to groundwater. They are likely to be characterised by high leaching soils and the absence of low permeability superficial deposits.
- Medium - Intermediate between high and low vulnerability.
- Low - Areas that provide the greatest protection from pollution. They are likely to be characterised by low leaching soils and/or the presence of superficial deposits characterised by a low permeability.

Features are displayed on the Groundwater vulnerability map on [page 89](#) >



ID	Location	Summary	Soil / surface	Superficial geology	Bedrock geology
1	On site	Summary Classification: Principal bedrock aquifer - Low Vulnerability Combined classification: Productive Bedrock Aquifer, Unproductive Superficial Aquifer	Leaching class: High Infiltration value: >70% Dilution value: 300- 550mm/year	Vulnerability: Unproductive Aquifer type: Unproductive Thickness: 3-10m Patchiness value: >90% Recharge potential: High	Vulnerability: Low Aquifer type: Principal Flow mechanism: Mixed
2	On site	Summary Classification: Secondary bedrock aquifer - Low Vulnerability Combined classification: Productive Bedrock Aquifer, Unproductive Superficial Aquifer	Leaching class: Intermediate Infiltration value: >70% Dilution value: 300- 550mm/year	Vulnerability: Unproductive Aquifer type: Unproductive Thickness: 3-10m Patchiness value: >90% Recharge potential: Low	Vulnerability: Low Aquifer type: Secondary Flow mechanism: Well connected fractures
A	On site	Summary Classification: Principal bedrock aquifer - Low Vulnerability Combined classification: Productive Bedrock Aquifer, Unproductive Superficial Aquifer	Leaching class: Intermediate Infiltration value: >70% Dilution value: 300- 550mm/year	Vulnerability: Unproductive Aquifer type: Unproductive Thickness: 3-10m Patchiness value: >90% Recharge potential: Low	Vulnerability: Low Aquifer type: Principal Flow mechanism: Well connected fractures
3	14m E	Summary Classification: Secondary bedrock aquifer - Low Vulnerability Combined classification: Productive Bedrock Aquifer, Unproductive Superficial Aquifer	Leaching class: Intermediate Infiltration value: >70% Dilution value: 300- 550mm/year	Vulnerability: Unproductive Aquifer type: Unproductive Thickness: >10m Patchiness value: >90% Recharge potential: Low	Vulnerability: Low Aquifer type: Secondary Flow mechanism: Well connected fractures

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey, the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

5.4 Groundwater vulnerability- soluble rock risk

Records on site

0

This dataset identifies areas where solution features that enable rapid movement of a pollutant may be present within a 1km grid square.

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey and the Environment Agency.



5.5 Groundwater vulnerability- local information

Records on site

1

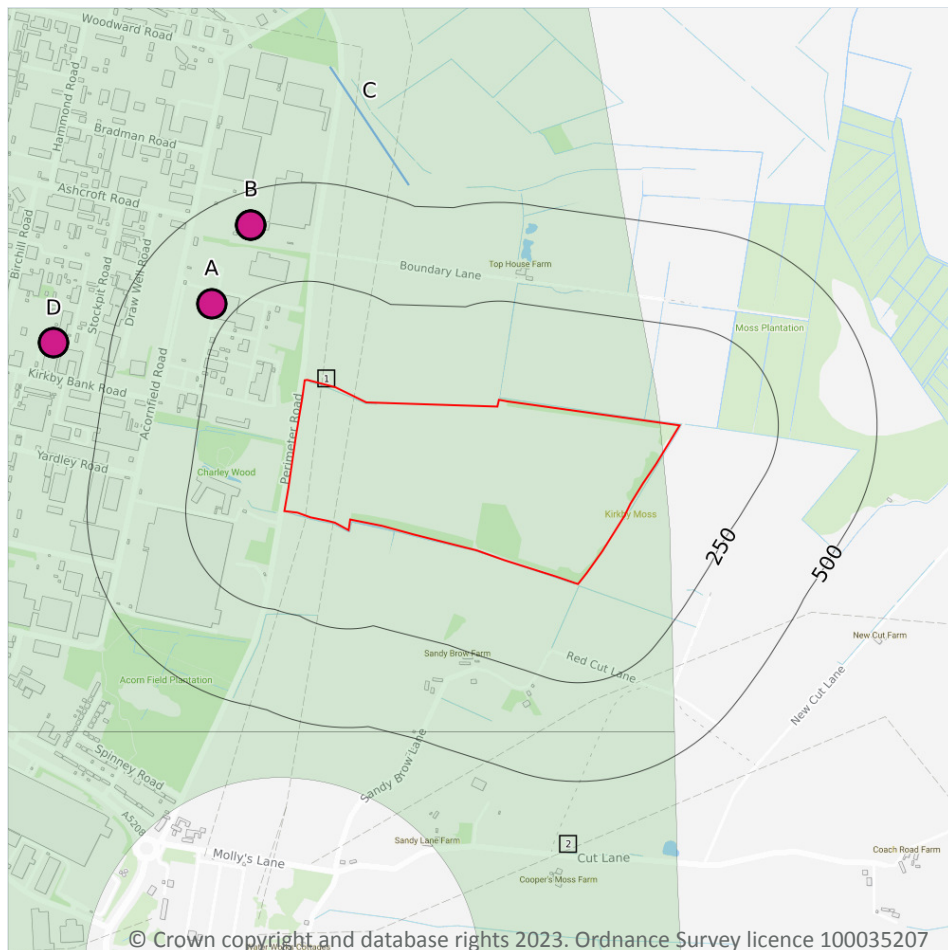
This dataset identifies areas where additional local information affecting vulnerability is held by the Environment Agency. Further information can be obtained by contacting the Environment Agency local Area groundwater team through the Environment Agency National Customer Call Centre on 03798 506 506 or by email on enquiries@environment-agency.gov.uk ↗.

ID	Summary	Additional information
A	Highly vulnerability aquifer due to high groundwater table and limited protection by superficial deposits	Local studies indicate limited protection of aquifers by superficial deposits and thin unsaturated zone

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey and the Environment Agency.



Abstractions and Source Protection Zones



- Site Outline
- Search buffers in metres (m)
- Source Protection Zone 1
Inner catchment
- Source Protection Zone 2
Outer catchment
- Source Protection Zone 3
Total catchment
- Source Protection Zone 4
Zone of Special Interest
- Source Protection Zone 1c
Inner catchment - confined aquifer
- Source Protection Zone 2c
Outer catchment - confined aquifer
- Source Protection Zone 3c
Total catchment - confined aquifer
- Drinking water abstraction licences
Polygon features
- Drinking water abstraction licences
Linear features
- Groundwater abstraction licence (point)
- Groundwater abstraction licence (area)
- Groundwater abstraction licence (linear)
- Surface Water Abstractions (point)
- Surface Water Abstractions (area)
- Surface Water Abstractions (linear)

5.6 Groundwater abstractions

Records within 2000m

35

Licensed groundwater abstractions for sites extracting more than 20 cubic metres of water a day and includes active and historical records. The data may be for a single abstraction point, between two points (line data) or a larger area.

Features are displayed on the Abstractions and Source Protection Zones map on [page 92 >](#)



ID	Location	Details	
A	305m NW	Status: Historical Licence No: 2569031089 Details: General Use Relating To Secondary Category (Medium Loss) Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: BOREHOLE AT KIRKBY Data Type: Point Name: AMES GOLDSMITH UK LTD Easting: 343800 Northing: 398800	Annual Volume (m ³): 90920 Max Daily Volume (m ³): 340.95 Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 01/07/1988 Expiry Date: - Issue No: 101 Version Start Date: 10/11/2006 Version End Date: -
A	305m NW	Status: Active Licence No: 2569031089 Details: General Cooling (Existing Licences Only) (Low Loss) Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: BOREHOLE AT KIRKBY Data Type: Point Name: AMES GOLDSMITH UK LTD Easting: 343800 Northing: 398800	Annual Volume (m ³): 90920 Max Daily Volume (m ³): 340.95 Original Application No: NPS/WR/023235 Original Start Date: 01/07/1988 Expiry Date: - Issue No: 102 Version Start Date: 26/07/2016 Version End Date: -
B	417m NW	Status: Historical Licence No: 2569031011 Details: Process water Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: "BOREHOLE AT KIRKBY INDUSTRIAL ESTATEKIRKBY, MERSEYSIDE" Data Type: Point Name: PILKINGTON BROTHERS LTD Easting: 343900 Northing: 399000	Annual Volume (m ³): - Max Daily Volume (m ³): - Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 28/01/1966 Expiry Date: - Issue No: 100 Version Start Date: 28/01/1966 Version End Date: -
B	417m NW	Status: Historical Licence No: 2569031011 Details: General Cooling (Existing Licences Only) (Low Loss) Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: "BOREHOLE AT KIRKBY INDUSTRIAL ESTATEKIRKBY, MERSEYSIDE" Data Type: Point Name: PILKINGTON BROTHERS LTD Easting: 343900 Northing: 399000	Annual Volume (m ³): - Max Daily Volume (m ³): - Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 28/01/1966 Expiry Date: - Issue No: 100 Version Start Date: 28/01/1966 Version End Date: -



ID	Location	Details	
B	417m NW	Status: Historical Licence No: 2569031011 Details: General Cooling (Existing Licences Only) (Low Loss) Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: BOREHOLE AT KIRKBY INDUSTRIAL ESTATE KIRKBY, MERSEYSIDE Data Type: Point Name: PILKINGTON BROTHERS LTD Easting: 343900 Northing: 399000	Annual Volume (m ³): 1591135 Max Daily Volume (m ³): 5237.11 Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 28/01/1966 Expiry Date: - Issue No: 100 Version Start Date: 28/01/1966 Version End Date: -
B	417m NW	Status: Historical Licence No: 2569031011 Details: Process Water Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: BOREHOLE AT KIRKBY INDUSTRIAL ESTATE KIRKBY, MERSEYSIDE Data Type: Point Name: PILKINGTON BROTHERS LTD Easting: 343900 Northing: 399000	Annual Volume (m ³): 1591135 Max Daily Volume (m ³): 5237.11 Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 28/01/1966 Expiry Date: - Issue No: 100 Version Start Date: 28/01/1966 Version End Date: -
D	643m W	Status: Active Licence No: 2569031090 Details: Boiler Feed Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: BOREHOLE AT KIRKBY INDUSTRIAL ESTATE Data Type: Point Name: Baker Hughes Limited Easting: 343400 Northing: 398700	Annual Volume (m ³): 250030 Max Daily Volume (m ³): 818.28 Original Application No: NPS/WR/006045 Original Start Date: 20/01/1989 Expiry Date: - Issue No: 101 Version Start Date: 18/03/2011 Version End Date: -
D	643m W	Status: Active Licence No: 2569031090 Details: Drinking, Cooking, Sanitary, Washing, (Small Garden) - Commercial/Industrial/Public Services Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: BOREHOLE AT KIRKBY INDUSTRIAL ESTATE Data Type: Point Name: Baker Hughes Limited Easting: 343400 Northing: 398700	Annual Volume (m ³): 250030 Max Daily Volume (m ³): 818.28 Original Application No: NPS/WR/006045 Original Start Date: 20/01/1989 Expiry Date: - Issue No: 101 Version Start Date: 18/03/2011 Version End Date: -



ID	Location	Details	
D	643m W	Status: Active Licence No: 2569031090 Details: Process Water Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: BOREHOLE AT KIRKBY INDUSTRIAL ESTATE Data Type: Point Name: Baker Hughes Limited Easting: 343400 Northing: 398700	Annual Volume (m ³): 250030 Max Daily Volume (m ³): 818.28 Original Application No: NPS/WR/006045 Original Start Date: 20/01/1989 Expiry Date: - Issue No: 101 Version Start Date: 18/03/2011 Version End Date: -
-	1135m S	Status: Historical Licence No: 2569031016 Details: Potable Water Supply - Direct Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: "WELL, BOREHOLE AND WELLS AND BOREHOLES (2) AT KNOWSLEY" Data Type: Point Name: UNITED UTILITIES WATER PLC Easting: 344000 Northing: 397100	Annual Volume (m ³): - Max Daily Volume (m ³): - Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 16/03/1966 Expiry Date: - Issue No: 100 Version Start Date: 16/03/1966 Version End Date: -
-	1135m S	Status: Historical Licence No: 2569031016 Details: Potable Water Supply - Direct Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: WELL, BOREHOLE AND WELLS AND BOREHOLES (2) AT KNOWSLEY Data Type: Point Name: UNITED UTILITIES WATER PLC Easting: 344000 Northing: 397100	Annual Volume (m ³): - Max Daily Volume (m ³): - Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 16/03/1966 Expiry Date: - Issue No: 100 Version Start Date: 16/03/1966 Version End Date: -
-	1135m S	Status: Active Licence No: 2569031016 Details: Potable Water Supply - Direct Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: WELL BOREHOLE AND WELLS AND BOREHOLES X 2 AT KNOWSLEY Data Type: Point Name: United Utilities Water Ltd Easting: 344000 Northing: 397100	Annual Volume (m ³): 2074000 Max Daily Volume (m ³): 7500 Original Application No: NPS/WR/026423 Original Start Date: 16/03/1966 Expiry Date: - Issue No: 102 Version Start Date: 26/11/2018 Version End Date: -
-	1266m NW	Status: Historical Licence No: 2569031146 Details: Non-Evaporative Cooling Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: SONAE BOREHOLE, KNOWSLEY, MERSEYSIDE Data Type: Point Name: Sonae (UK) Limited Easting: 342984 Northing: 399310	Annual Volume (m ³): 129600 Max Daily Volume (m ³): 356.53 Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 17/10/2008 Expiry Date: 31/03/2016 Issue No: 1 Version Start Date: 17/10/2008 Version End Date: -



ID	Location	Details	
-	1266m NW	Status: Historical Licence No: 2569031146 Details: Process Water Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: SONAE BOREHOLE, KNOWSLEY, MERSEYSIDE Data Type: Point Name: Sonae (UK) Limited Easting: 342984 Northing: 399310	Annual Volume (m ³): 129600 Max Daily Volume (m ³): 356.53 Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 17/10/2008 Expiry Date: 31/03/2016 Issue No: 1 Version Start Date: 17/10/2008 Version End Date: -
-	1266m NW	Status: Historical Licence No: 2569031146 Details: Dust Suppression Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: SONAE BOREHOLE, KNOWSLEY, MERSEYSIDE Data Type: Point Name: Sonae (UK) Limited Easting: 342984 Northing: 399310	Annual Volume (m ³): 129600 Max Daily Volume (m ³): 356.53 Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 17/10/2008 Expiry Date: 31/03/2016 Issue No: 1 Version Start Date: 17/10/2008 Version End Date: -
-	1418m NW	Status: Active Licence No: 2569031131 Details: Spray Irrigation - Direct Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: BOREHOLE AT KIRKBY 2 Data Type: Point Name: Liverpool Football Club & Athletic Grounds Limited Easting: 342734 Northing: 399168	Annual Volume (m ³): 150000 Max Daily Volume (m ³): 792 Original Application No: NPS/WR/027992 Original Start Date: 28/09/1999 Expiry Date: - Issue No: 3 Version Start Date: 19/11/2019 Version End Date: -
-	1552m W	Status: Historical Licence No: 2569031131 Details: Spray Irrigation - Direct Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: "BOREHOLE ""B"" AT KIRKBY" Data Type: Point Name: LIVERPOOL FOOTBALL CLUB SOCCER ACADEMY Easting: 342460 Northing: 398570	Annual Volume (m ³): - Max Daily Volume (m ³): - Original Application No: - Original Start Date: - Expiry Date: - Issue No: 1 Version Start Date: 28/09/1999 Version End Date: -
-	1552m W	Status: Historical Licence No: 2569031131 Details: General use relating to Secondary Category (Medium Loss) Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: "BOREHOLE ""B"" AT KIRKBY" Data Type: Point Name: LIVERPOOL FOOTBALL CLUB SOCCER ACADEMY Easting: 342460 Northing: 398570	Annual Volume (m ³): - Max Daily Volume (m ³): - Original Application No: - Original Start Date: - Expiry Date: - Issue No: 1 Version Start Date: 28/09/1999 Version End Date: -



ID	Location	Details	
-	1552m W	Status: Historical Licence No: 2569031131 Details: General use relating to Secondary Category (Medium Loss) Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: BOREHOLE "B" AT KIRKBY Data Type: Point Name: LIVERPOOL FOOTBALL CLUB SOCCER ACADEMY Easting: 342460 Northing: 398570	Annual Volume (m ³): - Max Daily Volume (m ³): - Original Application No: - Original Start Date: - Expiry Date: - Issue No: 1 Version Start Date: 28/09/1999 Version End Date: -
-	1552m W	Status: Historical Licence No: 2569031131 Details: Spray Irrigation - Direct Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: BOREHOLE "B" AT KIRKBY Data Type: Point Name: LIVERPOOL FOOTBALL CLUB SOCCER ACADEMY Easting: 342460 Northing: 398570	Annual Volume (m ³): - Max Daily Volume (m ³): - Original Application No: - Original Start Date: - Expiry Date: - Issue No: 1 Version Start Date: 28/09/1999 Version End Date: -
-	1552m W	Status: Historical Licence No: 2569031131 Details: General Use Relating To Secondary Category (Medium Loss) Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: BOREHOLE B AT KIRKBY Data Type: Point Name: LIVERPOOL FOOTBALL CLUB SOCCER ACADEMY Easting: 342460 Northing: 398570	Annual Volume (m ³): 150000 Max Daily Volume (m ³): 600 Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 28/09/1999 Expiry Date: - Issue No: 1 Version Start Date: 28/09/1999 Version End Date: -
-	1552m W	Status: Historical Licence No: 2569031131 Details: Spray Irrigation - Direct Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: BOREHOLE B AT KIRKBY Data Type: Point Name: LIVERPOOL FOOTBALL CLUB SOCCER ACADEMY Easting: 342460 Northing: 398570	Annual Volume (m ³): 150000 Max Daily Volume (m ³): 600 Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 28/09/1999 Expiry Date: - Issue No: 1 Version Start Date: 28/09/1999 Version End Date: -
-	1564m W	Status: Historical Licence No: 2569031131 Details: General Use Relating To Secondary Category (Medium Loss) Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: BOREHOLE A AT KIRKBY Data Type: Point Name: LIVERPOOL FOOTBALL CLUB SOCCER ACADEMY Easting: 342450 Northing: 398580	Annual Volume (m ³): 150000 Max Daily Volume (m ³): 600 Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 28/09/1999 Expiry Date: - Issue No: 1 Version Start Date: 28/09/1999 Version End Date: -



ID	Location	Details	
-	1564m W	Status: Historical Licence No: 2569031131 Details: General use relating to Secondary Category (Medium Loss) Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: "BOREHOLE ""A""AT KIRKBY" Data Type: Point Name: LIVERPOOL FOOTBALL CLUB SOCCER ACADEMY Easting: 342450 Northing: 398580	Annual Volume (m ³): - Max Daily Volume (m ³): - Original Application No: - Original Start Date: - Expiry Date: - Issue No: 1 Version Start Date: 28/09/1999 Version End Date: -
-	1564m W	Status: Historical Licence No: 2569031131 Details: Spray Irrigation - Direct Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: "BOREHOLE ""A""AT KIRKBY" Data Type: Point Name: LIVERPOOL FOOTBALL CLUB SOCCER ACADEMY Easting: 342450 Northing: 398580	Annual Volume (m ³): - Max Daily Volume (m ³): - Original Application No: - Original Start Date: - Expiry Date: - Issue No: 1 Version Start Date: 28/09/1999 Version End Date: -
-	1564m W	Status: Historical Licence No: 2569031131 Details: Spray Irrigation - Direct Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: BOREHOLE "A"AT KIRKBY Data Type: Point Name: LIVERPOOL FOOTBALL CLUB SOCCER ACADEMY Easting: 342450 Northing: 398580	Annual Volume (m ³): - Max Daily Volume (m ³): - Original Application No: - Original Start Date: - Expiry Date: - Issue No: 1 Version Start Date: 28/09/1999 Version End Date: -
-	1564m W	Status: Historical Licence No: 2569031131 Details: General use relating to Secondary Category (Medium Loss) Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: BOREHOLE "A"AT KIRKBY Data Type: Point Name: LIVERPOOL FOOTBALL CLUB SOCCER ACADEMY Easting: 342450 Northing: 398580	Annual Volume (m ³): - Max Daily Volume (m ³): - Original Application No: - Original Start Date: - Expiry Date: - Issue No: 1 Version Start Date: 28/09/1999 Version End Date: -
-	1564m W	Status: Historical Licence No: 2569031131 Details: Spray Irrigation - Direct Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: BOREHOLE A AT KIRKBY Data Type: Point Name: LIVERPOOL FOOTBALL CLUB SOCCER ACADEMY Easting: 342450 Northing: 398580	Annual Volume (m ³): 150000 Max Daily Volume (m ³): 600 Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 28/09/1999 Expiry Date: - Issue No: 1 Version Start Date: 28/09/1999 Version End Date: -



ID	Location	Details	
-	1573m W	Status: Historical Licence No: 2569031131 Details: Spray Irrigation - Direct Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: BOREHOLE AT KIRKBY Data Type: Point Name: Liverpool Football Club & Athletic Grounds Limited Easting: 342445 Northing: 398610	Annual Volume (m ³): 150000 Max Daily Volume (m ³): 432 Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 28/09/1999 Expiry Date: - Issue No: 2 Version Start Date: 23/10/2014 Version End Date: -
-	1573m W	Status: Historical Licence No: 2569031131 Details: Spray Irrigation - Direct Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: BOREHOLE AT KIRKBY Data Type: Point Name: Liverpool Football Club & Athletic Grounds Limited Easting: 342445 Northing: 398610	Annual Volume (m ³): 150000 Max Daily Volume (m ³): 792 Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 28/09/1999 Expiry Date: - Issue No: 3 Version Start Date: 19/11/2019 Version End Date: -
-	1573m W	Status: Historical Licence No: 2569031131 Details: Spray Irrigation - Direct Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: BOREHOLE AT KIRKBY Data Type: Point Name: Liverpool Football Club & Athletic Grounds Limited Easting: 342445 Northing: 398610	Annual Volume (m ³): 150000 Max Daily Volume (m ³): 792 Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 28/09/1999 Expiry Date: - Issue No: 3 Version Start Date: 19/11/2019 Version End Date: -
-	1573m W	Status: Active Licence No: 2569031131 Details: Spray Irrigation - Direct Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: BOREHOLE AT KIRKBY Data Type: Point Name: Liverpool Football Club & Athletic Grounds Limited Easting: 342445 Northing: 398610	Annual Volume (m ³): 150000 Max Daily Volume (m ³): 792 Original Application No: NPS/WR/027992 Original Start Date: 28/09/1999 Expiry Date: - Issue No: 3 Version Start Date: 19/11/2019 Version End Date: -



ID	Location	Details	
-	1573m W	Status: Active Licence No: 2569031131 Details: Spray Irrigation - Direct Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: BOREHOLE AT KIRKBY Data Type: Point Name: Liverpool Football Club & Athletic Grounds Limited Easting: 342445 Northing: 398610	Annual Volume (m ³): 150000 Max Daily Volume (m ³): 792 Original Application No: NPS/WR/027992 Original Start Date: 28/09/1999 Expiry Date: - Issue No: 3 Version Start Date: 19/11/2019 Version End Date: -
-	1597m E	Status: Historical Licence No: 2569025033 Details: General Farming & Domestic Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: "WELL AT MOSSBOROUGH HALL FARM, RAINFORD, ST. HELENS" Data Type: Point Name: HEYES Easting: 346500 Northing: 399000	Annual Volume (m ³): - Max Daily Volume (m ³): - Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 04/02/1966 Expiry Date: - Issue No: 100 Version Start Date: 22/10/1990 Version End Date: -
-	1597m E	Status: Active Licence No: 2569025033 Details: General Farming & Domestic Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: WELL AT MOSSBOROUGH HALL FARM, RAINFORD, ST. HELENS Data Type: Point Name: HEYES Easting: 346500 Northing: 399000	Annual Volume (m ³): 19093.2 Max Daily Volume (m ³): 72.74 Original Application No: 1210 Original Start Date: 04/02/1966 Expiry Date: - Issue No: 100 Version Start Date: 01/04/2008 Version End Date: -

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

5.7 Surface water abstractions

Records within 2000m

2

Licensed surface water abstractions for sites extracting more than 20 cubic metres of water a day and includes active and historical records. The data may be for a single abstraction point, a stretch of watercourse or a larger area.

Features are displayed on the Abstractions and Source Protection Zones map on [page 92 >](#)



ID	Location	Details	
C	544m N	Status: Historical Licence No: 2569031068 Details: Spray Irrigation - Direct Direct Source: Surface, Non-Tidal - North West Region Point: UNNAMED TRIB OF SIMONSWOOD BRK AT KIRKBY Data Type: Line Name: BERRY BROS FARMS LTD Easting: 344100 Northing: 399400	Annual Volume (m ³): - Max Daily Volume (m ³): - Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 14/06/1984 Expiry Date: - Issue No: 100 Version Start Date: 14/06/1984 Version End Date: -
C	544m N	Status: Historical Licence No: 2569031068 Details: Spray Irrigation - Direct Direct Source: Surface, Non-Tidal - North West Region Point: UNNAMED TRIBUTARY OF SIMONSWOOD BROOK AT KIRKBY Data Type: Line Name: BERRY BROS FARMS LTD Easting: 344100 Northing: 399400	Annual Volume (m ³): 45460 Max Daily Volume (m ³): 1000.12 Original Application No: 2668 Original Start Date: 14/06/1984 Expiry Date: - Issue No: 100 Version Start Date: 01/04/2021 Version End Date: -

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

5.8 Potable abstractions

Records within 2000m

4

Licensed potable water abstractions for sites extracting more than 20 cubic metres of water a day and includes active and historical records. The data may be for a single abstraction point, a stretch of watercourse or a larger area.

Features are displayed on the Abstractions and Source Protection Zones map on [page 92 >](#)

ID	Location	Details	
D	643m W	Status: Active Licence No: 2569031090 Details: Drinking, Cooking, Sanitary, Washing, (Small Garden) - Commercial/Industrial/Public Services Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: BOREHOLE AT KIRKBY INDUSTRIAL ESTATE Data Type: Point Name: Baker Hughes Limited Easting: 343400 Northing: 398700	Annual Volume (m ³): 250030 Max Daily Volume (m ³): 818.28 Original Application No: NPS/WR/006045 Original Start Date: 20/01/1989 Expiry Date: - Issue No: 101 Version Start Date: 18/03/2011 Version End Date: -



ID	Location	Details	
-	1135m S	Status: Historical Licence No: 2569031016 Details: Potable Water Supply - Direct Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: "WELL, BOREHOLE AND WELLS AND BOREHOLES (2) AT KNOWSLEY" Data Type: Point Name: UNITED UTILITIES WATER PLC Easting: 344000 Northing: 397100	Annual Volume (m ³): - Max Daily Volume (m ³): - Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 16/03/1966 Expiry Date: - Issue No: 100 Version Start Date: 16/03/1966 Version End Date: -
-	1135m S	Status: Historical Licence No: 2569031016 Details: Potable Water Supply - Direct Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: WELL, BOREHOLE AND WELLS AND BOREHOLES (2) AT KNOWSLEY Data Type: Point Name: UNITED UTILITIES WATER PLC Easting: 344000 Northing: 397100	Annual Volume (m ³): - Max Daily Volume (m ³): - Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 16/03/1966 Expiry Date: - Issue No: 100 Version Start Date: 16/03/1966 Version End Date: -
-	1135m S	Status: Active Licence No: 2569031016 Details: Potable Water Supply - Direct Direct Source: Ground Water - North West Region Point: WELL BOREHOLE AND WELLS AND BOREHOLES X 2 AT KNOWSLEY Data Type: Point Name: United Utilities Water Ltd Easting: 344000 Northing: 397100	Annual Volume (m ³): 2074000 Max Daily Volume (m ³): 7500 Original Application No: NPS/WR/026423 Original Start Date: 16/03/1966 Expiry Date: - Issue No: 102 Version Start Date: 26/11/2018 Version End Date: -

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

5.9 Source Protection Zones

Records within 500m	2
----------------------------	----------

Source Protection Zones define the sensitivity of an area around a potable abstraction site to contamination. Features are displayed on the Abstractions and Source Protection Zones map on [page 92 >](#)

ID	Location	Type	Description
1	On site	3	Total catchment
2	374m S	3	Total catchment

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.



5.10 Source Protection Zones (confined aquifer)

Records within 500m

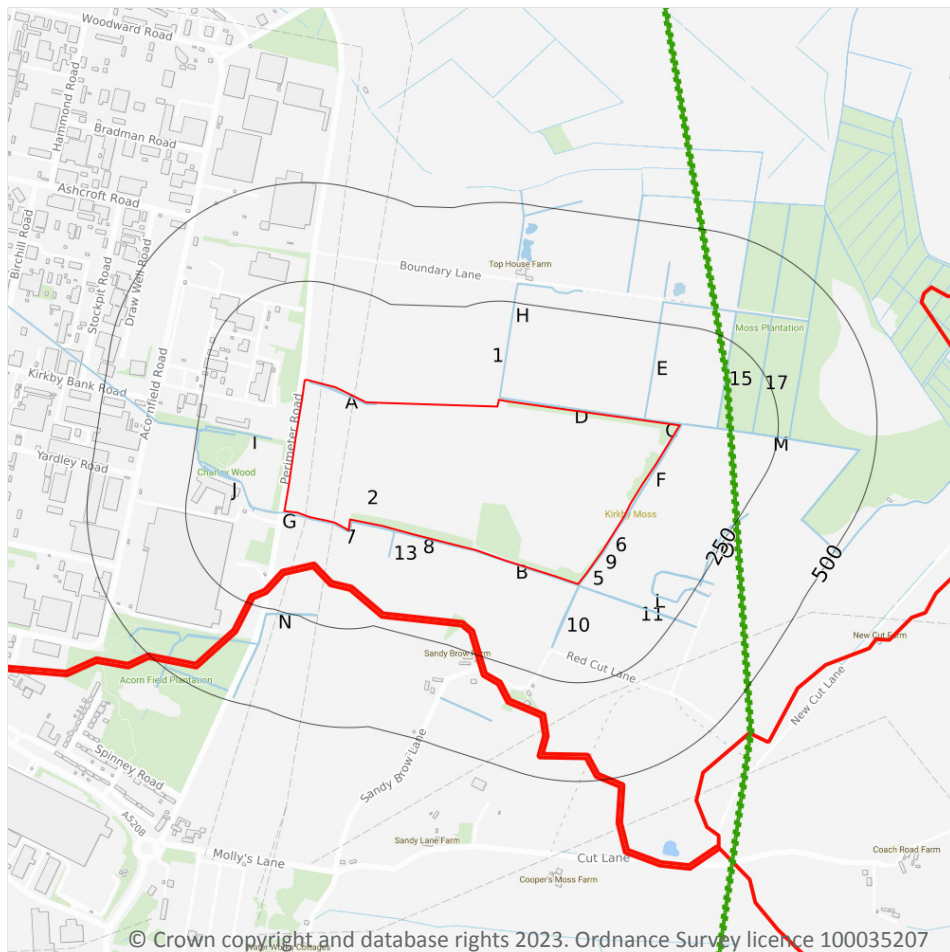
0

Source Protection Zones in the confined aquifer define the sensitivity around a deep groundwater abstraction to contamination. A confined aquifer would normally be protected from contamination by overlying geology and is only considered a sensitive resource if deep excavation/drilling is taking place.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.



6 Hydrology



- Site Outline
- Search buffers in metres (m)
- Water Network (OS MasterMap)
- Surface water features (wider than 5m)
- Surface water features (narrower than 5m)
- ⋯ WFD River, canal and surface water transfer water bodies
- WFD Lake water bodies
- WFD Transitional and coastal water bodies
- WFD Surface water body catchments boundaries
- WFD Groundwater body boundaries

6.1 Water Network (OS MasterMap)

Records within 250m

47

Detailed water network of Great Britain showing the flow and precise central course of every river, stream, lake and canal.

Features are displayed on the Hydrology map on [page 104](#) >

ID	Location	Type of water feature	Ground level	Permanence	Name
A	On site	Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action.	On ground surface	Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances)	-



ID	Location	Type of water feature	Ground level	Permanence	Name
B	1m S	Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action.	On ground surface	Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances)	Kirkby Brook
5	2m SE	Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action.	On ground surface	Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances)	-
6	2m E	Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action.	On ground surface	Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances)	-
C	2m E	Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action.	On ground surface	Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances)	-
D	2m E	Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action.	On ground surface	Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances)	-
E	2m E	Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action.	On ground surface	Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances)	-
F	3m E	Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action.	On ground surface	Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances)	-
7	3m SW	Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action.	On ground surface	Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances)	Kirkby Brook
8	3m S	Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action.	On ground surface	Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances)	Kirkby Brook
G	3m W	Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action.	Underground	Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances)	Kirkby Brook
9	4m SE	Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action.	On ground surface	Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances)	-
10	5m SE	Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action.	On ground surface	Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances)	-
11	5m SE	Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action.	On ground surface	Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances)	Kirkby Brook



ID	Location	Type of water feature	Ground level	Permanence	Name
H	5m N	Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action.	On ground surface	Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances)	-
13	5m SW	Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action.	On ground surface	Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances)	-
C	6m E	Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action.	On ground surface	Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances)	-
C	8m E	Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action.	Underground	Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances)	-
C	14m E	Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action.	On ground surface	Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances)	-
G	21m W	Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action.	On ground surface	Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances)	Kirkby Brook
I	58m W	Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action.	On ground surface	Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances)	-
G	77m W	Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action.	Underground	Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances)	-
G	81m W	Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action.	On ground surface	Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances)	-
G	81m W	Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action.	On ground surface	Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances)	Kirkby Brook
C	94m E	Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action.	On ground surface	Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances)	-
15	95m E	Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action.	On ground surface	Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances)	-
C	95m E	Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action.	On ground surface	Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances)	-



ID	Location	Type of water feature	Ground level	Permanence	Name
G	95m W	Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action.	Underground	Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances)	Kirkby Brook
J	116m W	Lake, loch or reservoir.	On ground surface	Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances)	Kirkby Brook
L	146m SE	Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action.	On ground surface	Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances)	-
J	152m W	Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action.	On ground surface	Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances)	-
J	172m W	Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action.	Underground	Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances)	-
J	176m W	Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action.	On ground surface	Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances)	-
J	184m W	Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action.	On ground surface	Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances)	Kirkby Brook
17	185m E	Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action.	On ground surface	Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances)	-
M	185m E	Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action.	On ground surface	Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances)	-
J	196m W	Lake, loch or reservoir.	On ground surface	Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances)	-
J	220m W	Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action.	On ground surface	Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances)	Kirkby Brook
J	224m W	Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action.	Underground	Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances)	-
J	228m W	Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action.	On ground surface	Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances)	-



ID	Location	Type of water feature	Ground level	Permanence	Name
N	229m SW	Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action.	On ground surface	Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances)	-
J	232m W	Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action.	On ground surface	Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances)	-
J	232m W	Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action.	On ground surface	Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances)	Kirkby Brook
O	239m E	Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action.	On ground surface	Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances)	-
J	243m W	Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action.	On ground surface	Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances)	Kirkby Brook
J	244m W	Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action.	On ground surface	Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances)	Kirkby Brook
J	247m W	Inland river not influenced by normal tidal action.	Underground	Watercourse contains water year round (in normal circumstances)	Kirkby Brook

This data is sourced from the Ordnance Survey.

6.2 Surface water features

Records within 250m

26

Covering rivers, streams and lakes (some overlap with OS MasterMap Water Network data in previous section) but additionally covers smaller features such as ponds. Rivers and streams narrower than 5m are represented as a single line. Lakes, ponds and rivers or streams wider than 5m are represented as polygons.

Features are displayed on the Hydrology map on [page 104](#) >

This data is sourced from the Ordnance Survey.

6.3 WFD Surface water body catchments

Records on site

1

The Water Framework Directive is an EU-led framework for the protection of inland surface waters, estuaries, coastal waters and groundwater through river basin-level management planning. In terms of surface water, these basins are broken down into smaller units known as management, operational and water body catchments.



Features are displayed on the Hydrology map on [page 104 >](#)

ID	Location	Type	Water body catchment	Water body ID	Operational catchment	Management catchment
1	On site	River	Simonswood Brook	GB112069060630	Alt	Alt and Crossens

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

6.4 WFD Surface water bodies

Records identified	1
---------------------------	----------

Surface water bodies under the Directive may be rivers, lakes, estuary or coastal. To achieve the purpose of the Directive, environmental objectives have been set and are reported on for each water body. The progress towards delivery of the objectives is then reported on by the relevant competent authorities at the end of each six-year cycle. The river water body directly associated with the catchment listed in the previous section is detailed below, along with any lake, canal, coastal or artificial water body within 250m of the site. Click on the water body ID in the table to visit the EA Catchment Explorer to find out more about each water body listed.

Features are displayed on the Hydrology map on [page 104 >](#)

ID	Location	Type	Name	Water body ID	Overall rating	Chemical rating	Ecological rating	Year
-	1668m NE	River	Simonswood Brook	GB112069060630 ↗	Moderate	Fail	Moderate	2019

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

6.5 WFD Groundwater bodies

Records on site	1
------------------------	----------

Groundwater bodies are also covered by the Directive and the same regime of objectives and reporting detailed in the previous section is in place. Click on the water body ID in the table to visit the EA Catchment Explorer to find out more about each groundwater body listed.

Features are displayed on the Hydrology map on [page 104 >](#)

ID	Location	Name	Water body ID	Overall rating	Chemical rating	Quantitative	Year
2	On site	Lower Mersey Basin and North Merseyside Permo-Triassic Sandstone Aquifers	GB41201G101700 ↗	Poor	Poor	Poor	2019

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.



7 River and coastal flooding

7.1 Risk of flooding from rivers and the sea

Records within 50m

0

The chance of flooding from rivers and/or the sea in any given year, based on cells of 50m within the Risk of Flooding from Rivers and Sea (RoFRaS)/Flood Risk Assessment Wales (FRAW) models. Each cell is allocated one of four flood risk categories, taking into account flood defences and their condition. The risk categories for RoFRaS for rivers and the sea and FRAW for rivers are; Very low (less than 1 in 1000 chance in any given year), Low (less than 1 in 100 but greater than or equal to 1 in 1000 chance), Medium (less than 1 in 30 but greater than or equal to 1 in 100 chance) or High (greater than or equal to 1 in 30 chance). The risk categories for FRAW for the sea are; Very low (less than 1 in 1000 chance in any given year), Low (less than 1 in 200 but greater than or equal to 1 in 1000 chance), Medium (less than 1 in 30 but greater than or equal to 1 in 200 chance) or High (greater than or equal to 1 in 30 chance).

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

7.2 Historical Flood Events

Records within 250m

0

Records of historic flooding from rivers, the sea, groundwater and surface water. Records began in 1946 when predecessor bodies started collecting detailed information about flooding incidents, although limited details may be included on flooding incidents prior to this date. Takes into account the presence of defences, structures, and other infrastructure where they existed at the time of flooding, and includes flood extents that may have been affected by overtopping, breaches or blockages.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

7.3 Flood Defences

Records within 250m

0

Records of flood defences owned, managed or inspected by the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales. Flood defences can be structures, buildings or parts of buildings. Typically these are earth banks, stone and concrete walls, or sheet-piling that is used to prevent or control the extent of flooding.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.



7.4 Areas Benefiting from Flood Defences

Records within 250m

0

Areas that would benefit from the presence of flood defences in a 1 in 100 (1%) chance of flooding each year from rivers or 1 in 200 (0.5%) chance of flooding each year from the sea.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

7.5 Flood Storage Areas

Records within 250m

0

Areas that act as a balancing reservoir, storage basin or balancing pond to attenuate an incoming flood peak to a flow level that can be accepted by the downstream channel or to delay the timing of a flood peak so that its volume is discharged over a longer period.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.



River and coastal flooding - Flood Zones

7.6 Flood Zone 2

Records within 50m

0

Areas of land at risk of flooding, when the presence of flood defences are ignored. Covering land between Flood Zone 3 (see next section) and the extent of the flooding from rivers or the sea with a 1 in 1000 (0.1%) chance of flooding each year.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.

7.7 Flood Zone 3

Records within 50m

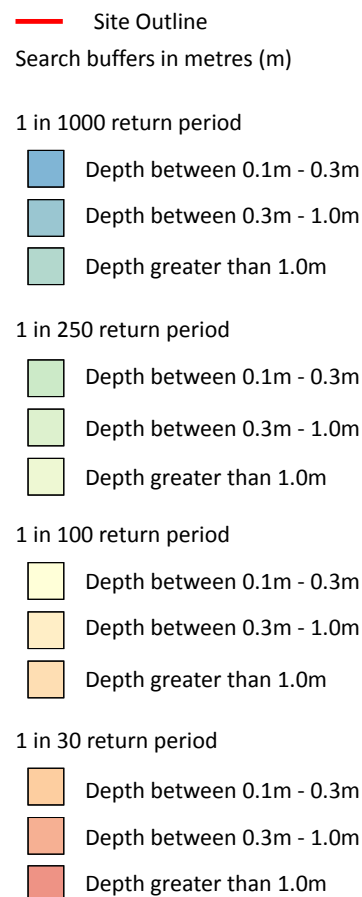
0

Areas of land at risk of flooding, when the presence of flood defences are ignored. Covering land with a 1 in 100 (1%) or greater chance of flooding each year from rivers or a 1 in 200 (0.5%) or greater chance of flooding each year from the sea.

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.



8 Surface water flooding



8.1 Surface water flooding

Highest risk on site

1 in 30 year, Greater than 1.0m

Highest risk within 50m

1 in 30 year, Greater than 1.0m

Ambiental Risk Analytics surface water (pluvial) FloodMap identifies areas likely to flood as a result of extreme rainfall events, i.e. land naturally vulnerable to surface water ponding or flooding. This data set was produced by simulating 1 in 30 year, 1 in 100 year, 1 in 250 year and 1 in 1,000 year rainfall events. Modern urban drainage systems are typically built to cope with rainfall events between 1 in 20 and 1 in 30 years, though some older ones may flood in a 1 in 5 year rainfall event.

Features are displayed on the Surface water flooding map on [page 113 >](#)

The data shown on the map and in the table above shows the highest likelihood of flood events happening at the site. Lower likelihood events may have greater flood depths and hence a greater potential impact on a site.



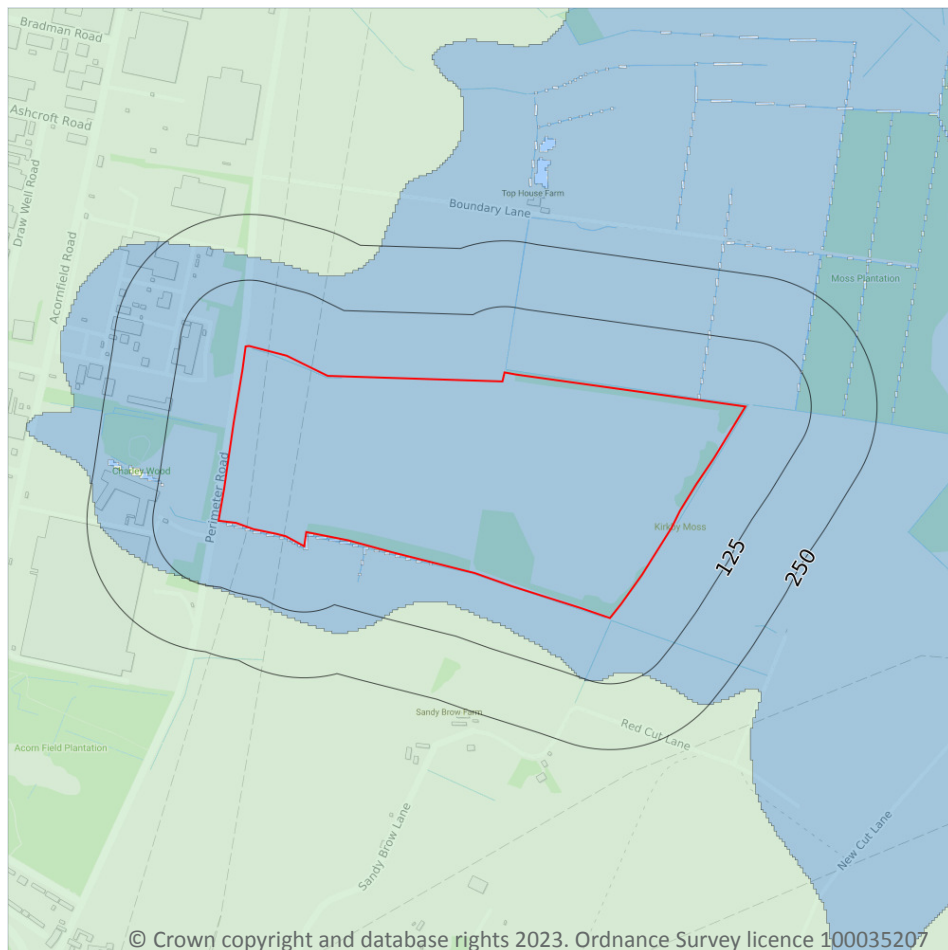
The table below shows the maximum flood depths for a range of return periods for the site.

Return period	Maximum modelled depth
1 in 1000 year	Greater than 1.0m
1 in 250 year	Greater than 1.0m
1 in 100 year	Greater than 1.0m
1 in 30 year	Greater than 1.0m

This data is sourced from Ambiantal Risk Analytics.



9 Groundwater flooding



— Site Outline
Search buffers in metres (m)

- High
- Moderate - High
- Moderate
- Low
- Negligible

9.1 Groundwater flooding

Highest risk on site

Negligible

Highest risk within 50m

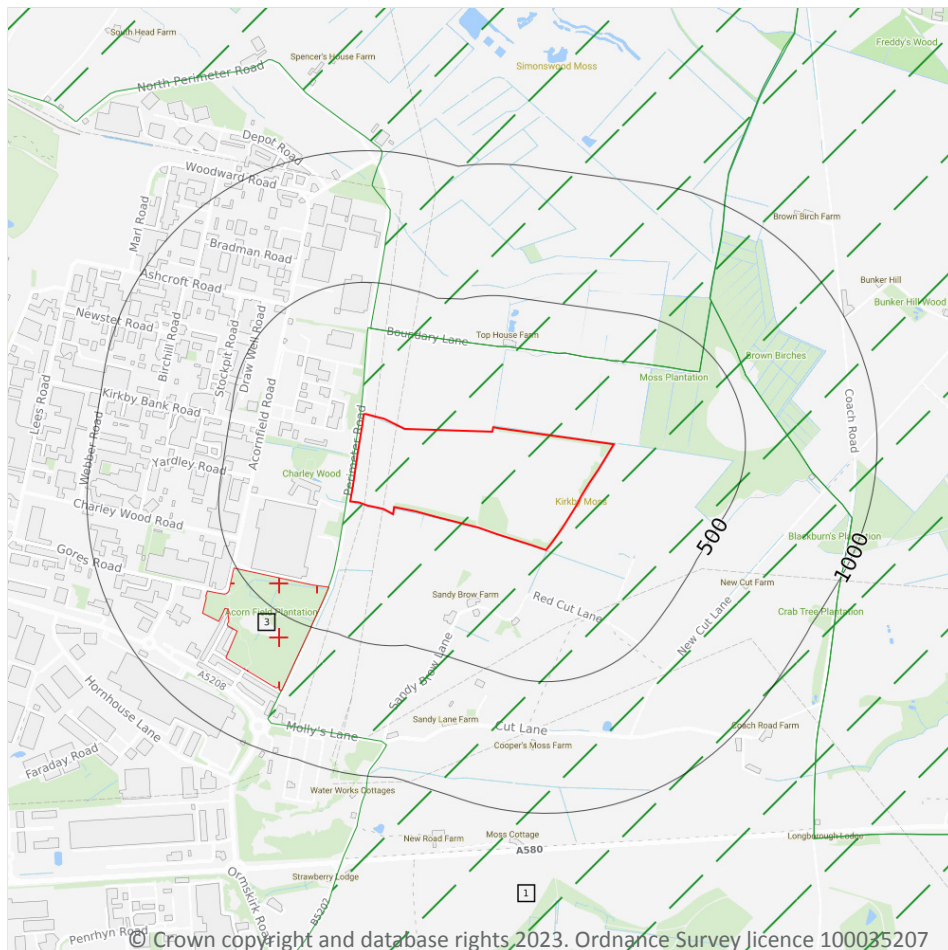
Negligible

Groundwater flooding is caused by unusually high groundwater levels. It occurs when the water table rises above the ground surface or within underground structures such as basements or cellars. Groundwater flooding tends to exhibit a longer duration than surface water flooding, possibly lasting for weeks or months, and as a result it can cause significant damage to property. This risk assessment is based on a 1 in 100 year return period and a 5m Digital Terrain Model (DTM).

Features are displayed on the Groundwater flooding map on [page 115 >](#)

This data is sourced from Ambiantal Risk Analytics.

10 Environmental designations



- Site Outline
- Search buffers in metres (m)
- + Local Nature Reserves (LNR)
- ▨ Green Belt

10.1 Sites of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI)

Records within 2000m

0

Sites providing statutory protection for the best examples of UK flora, fauna, or geological or physiographical features. Originally notified under the National Parks and Access to the Countryside Act 1949, SSSIs were re-notified under the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981. Improved provisions for the protection and management of SSSIs were introduced by the Countryside and Rights of Way Act 2000 (in England and Wales) and (in Scotland) by the Nature Conservation (Scotland) Act 2004 and the Wildlife and Natural Environment (Scotland) Act 2010.

This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.



10.2 Conserved wetland sites (Ramsar sites)

Records within 2000m**0**

Ramsar sites are designated under the Convention on Wetlands of International Importance, agreed in Ramsar, Iran, in 1971. They cover all aspects of wetland conservation and wise use, recognizing wetlands as ecosystems that are extremely important for biodiversity conservation in general and for the well-being of human communities. These sites cover a broad definition of wetland; marsh, fen, peatland or water, whether natural or artificial, permanent or temporary, with water that is static or flowing, fresh, brackish or salt, and even some marine areas.

This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.

10.3 Special Areas of Conservation (SAC)

Records within 2000m**0**

Areas which have been identified as best representing the range and variety within the European Union of habitats and (non-bird) species listed on Annexes I and II to the Directive. SACs are designated under the EC Habitats Directive.

This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.

10.4 Special Protection Areas (SPA)

Records within 2000m**0**

Sites classified by the UK Government under the EC Birds Directive, SPAs are areas of the most important habitat for rare (listed on Annex I to the Directive) and migratory birds within the European Union.

This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.

10.5 National Nature Reserves (NNR)

Records within 2000m**0**

Sites containing examples of some of the most important natural and semi-natural terrestrial and coastal ecosystems in Great Britain. They are managed to conserve their habitats, provide special opportunities for scientific study or to provide public recreation compatible with natural heritage interests.

This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.

10.6 Local Nature Reserves (LNR)

Records within 2000m**1**

Sites managed for nature conservation, and to provide opportunities for research and education, or simply enjoying and having contact with nature. They are declared by local authorities under the National Parks and Access to the Countryside Act 1949 after consultation with the relevant statutory nature conservation agency.

Features are displayed on the Environmental designations map on [page 116 >](#)

ID	Location	Name	Data source
3	336m SW	Acornfield Plantation	Natural England

This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.

10.7 Designated Ancient Woodland

Records within 2000m**0**

Ancient woodlands are classified as areas which have been wooded continuously since at least 1600 AD. This includes semi-natural woodland and plantations on ancient woodland sites. 'Wooded continuously' does not mean there is or has previously been continuous tree cover across the whole site, and not all trees within the woodland have to be old.

This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.

10.8 Biosphere Reserves

Records within 2000m**0**

Biosphere Reserves are internationally recognised by UNESCO as sites of excellence to balance conservation and socioeconomic development between nature and people. They are recognised under the Man and the Biosphere (MAB) Programme with the aim of promoting sustainable development founded on the work of the local community.

This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.

10.9 Forest Parks

Records within 2000m**0**

These are areas managed by the Forestry Commission designated on the basis of recreational, conservation or scenic interest.

This data is sourced from the Forestry Commission.



10.10 Marine Conservation Zones

Records within 2000m

0

A type of marine nature reserve in UK waters established under the Marine and Coastal Access Act (2009). They are designated with the aim to protect nationally important, rare or threatened habitats and species.

This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.

10.11 Green Belt

Records within 2000m

3

Areas designated to prevent urban sprawl by keeping land permanently open.

Features are displayed on the Environmental designations map on [page 116 >](#)

ID	Location	Name	Local Authority name
1	On site	Merseyside and Greater Manchester	Knowsley
2	307m N	Merseyside and Greater Manchester	West Lancashire
4	566m E	Merseyside and Greater Manchester	St. Helens

This data is sourced from the Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government.

10.12 Proposed Ramsar sites

Records within 2000m

0

Ramsar sites are areas listed as a Wetland of International Importance under the Convention on Wetlands of International Importance especially as Waterfowl Habitat (the Ramsar Convention) 1971. The sites here supplied have a status of 'Proposed' having been identified for potential adoption under the framework.

This data is sourced from Natural England.

10.13 Possible Special Areas of Conservation (pSAC)

Records within 2000m

0

Special Areas of Conservation are areas which have been identified as best representing the range and variety within the European Union of habitats and (non-bird) species listed on Annexes I and II to the Directive. SACs are designated under the EC Habitats Directive. Those sites supplied here are those with a status of 'Possible' having been identified for potential adoption under the framework.

This data is sourced from Natural England and Natural Resources Wales.



10.14 Potential Special Protection Areas (pSPA)

Records within 2000m**0**

Special Protection Areas (SPAs) are areas designated (or 'classified') under the European Union Wild Birds Directive for the protection of nationally and internationally important populations of wild birds. Those sites supplied here are those with a status of 'Potential' having been identified for potential adoption under the framework.

This data is sourced from Natural England.

10.15 Nitrate Sensitive Areas

Records within 2000m**0**

Areas where nitrate concentrations in drinking water sources exceeded or was at risk of exceeding the limit of 50 mg/l set by the 1980 EC Drinking Water Directive. Voluntary agricultural measures as a means of reducing the levels of nitrate were introduced by DEFRA as MAFF, with payments being made to farmers who complied. The scheme was started as a pilot in 1990 in ten areas, later implemented within 32 areas. The scheme was closed to further new entrants in 1998, although existing agreements continued for their full term. All Nitrate Sensitive Areas fell within the areas designated as Nitrate Vulnerable Zones (NVZs) in 1996 under the EC Nitrate Directive (91/676/EEC).

This data is sourced from Natural England.

10.16 Nitrate Vulnerable Zones

Records within 2000m**3**

Areas at risk from agricultural nitrate pollution designated under the EC Nitrate Directive (91/676/EEC). These are areas of land that drain into waters polluted by nitrates. Farmers operating within these areas have to follow mandatory rules to tackle nitrate loss from agriculture.

Location	Name	Type	NVZ ID	Status
On site	ALT NVZ	Surface Water	642	Existing
On site	ALT NVZ	Surface Water	642	Existing
522m E	Sankey Brook (Black Bk to Mersey) NVZ	Surface Water	639	Existing

This data is sourced from Natural England and Natural Resources Wales.



SSSI Impact Zones and Units

10.17 SSSI Impact Risk Zones

Records on site	0
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Developed to allow rapid initial assessment of the potential risks to SSSIs posed by development proposals. They define zones around each SSSI which reflect the particular sensitivities of the features for which it is notified and indicate the types of development proposal which could potentially have adverse impacts.

This data is sourced from Natural England.

10.18 SSSI Units

Records within 2000m	0
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Divisions of SSSIs used to record management and condition details. Units are the smallest areas for which Natural England gives a condition assessment, however, the size of units varies greatly depending on the types of management and the conservation interest.

This data is sourced from Natural England and Natural Resources Wales.



11 Visual and cultural designations

11.1 World Heritage Sites

Records within 250m

0

Sites designated for their globally important cultural or natural interest requiring appropriate management and protection measures. World Heritage Sites are designated to meet the UK's commitments under the World Heritage Convention.

This data is sourced from Historic England, Cadw and Historic Environment Scotland.

11.2 Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty

Records within 250m

0

Areas of Outstanding Natural Beauty (AONB) are conservation areas, chosen because they represent 18% of the finest countryside. Each AONB has been designated for special attention because of the quality of their flora, fauna, historical and cultural associations, and/or scenic views. The National Parks and Access to the Countryside Act of 1949 created AONBs and the Countryside and Rights of Way Act, 2000 added further regulation and protection. There are likely to be restrictions to some developments within these areas.

This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.

11.3 National Parks

Records within 250m

0

In England and Wales, the purpose of National Parks is to conserve and enhance landscapes within the countryside whilst promoting public enjoyment of them and having regard for the social and economic well-being of those living within them. In Scotland National Parks have the additional purpose of promoting the sustainable use of the natural resources of the area and the sustainable social and economic development of its communities. The National Parks and Access to the Countryside Act 1949 established the National Park designation in England and Wales, and The National Parks (Scotland) Act 2000 in Scotland.

This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and the Scottish Government.

11.4 Listed Buildings

Records within 250m

0

Buildings listed for their special architectural or historical interest. Building control in the form of 'listed building consent' is required in order to make any changes to that building which might affect its special interest. Listed buildings are graded to indicate their relative importance, however building controls apply to all buildings equally, irrespective of their grade, and apply to the interior and exterior of the building in its entirety, together with any curtilage structures.



This data is sourced from Historic England, Cadw and Historic Environment Scotland.

11.5 Conservation Areas

Records within 250m

0

Local planning authorities are obliged to designate as conservation areas any parts of their own area that are of special architectural or historic interest, the character and appearance of which it is desirable to preserve or enhance. Designation of a conservation area gives broader protection than the listing of individual buildings. All the features within the area, listed or otherwise, are recognised as part of its character. Conservation area designation is the means of recognising the importance of all factors and of ensuring that planning decisions address the quality of the landscape in its broadest sense.

This data is sourced from Historic England, Cadw and Historic Environment Scotland.

11.6 Scheduled Ancient Monuments

Records within 250m

0

A scheduled monument is an historic building or site that is included in the Schedule of Monuments kept by the Secretary of State for Digital, Culture, Media and Sport. The regime is set out in the Ancient Monuments and Archaeological Areas Act 1979. The Schedule of Monuments has c.20,000 entries and includes sites such as Roman remains, burial mounds, castles, bridges, earthworks, the remains of deserted villages and industrial sites. Monuments are not graded, but all are, by definition, considered to be of national importance.

This data is sourced from Historic England, Cadw and Historic Environment Scotland.

11.7 Registered Parks and Gardens

Records within 250m

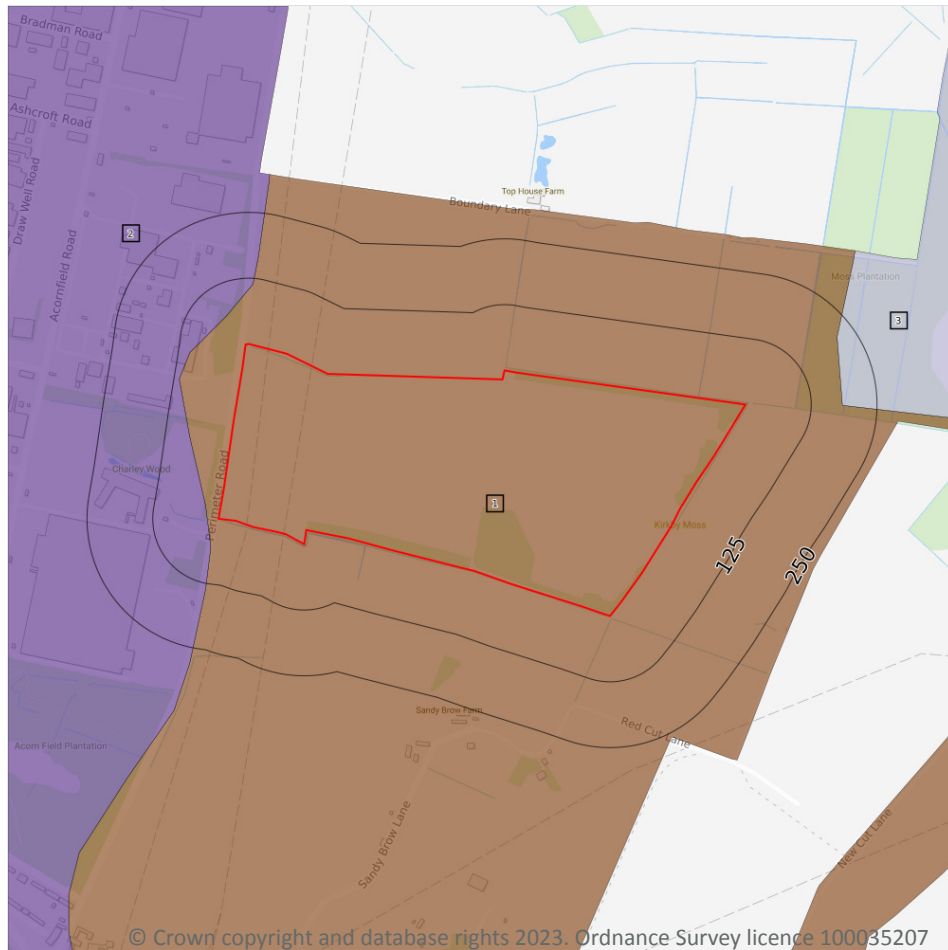
0

Parks and gardens assessed to be of particular interest and of special historic interest. The emphasis being on 'designed' landscapes, rather than on planting or botanical importance. Registration is a 'material consideration' in the planning process, meaning that planning authorities must consider the impact of any proposed development on the special character of the landscape.

This data is sourced from Historic England, Cadw and Historic Environment Scotland.



12 Agricultural designations



- Site Outline
- Search buffers in metres (m)
- Grade 1 - excellent quality
- Grade 2 - very good quality
- Grade 3 - good to moderate quality
- Grade 3a - good quality
- Grade 3b - moderate quality
- Grade 4 - poor quality
- Grade 5 - very poor quality
- Non-agricultural land
- Urban land
- Exclusion land
- Tree felling licences
- Open Access land

12.1 Agricultural Land Classification

Records within 250m

3

Classification of the quality of agricultural land taking into consideration multiple factors including climate, physical geography and soil properties. It should be noted that the categories for the grading of agricultural land are not consistent across England, Wales and Scotland.

Features are displayed on the Agricultural designations map on [page 124](#) >

ID	Location	Classification	Description
1	On site	Grade 1	Excellent quality agricultural land. Land with no or very minor limitations to agricultural use. A very wide range of agricultural and horticultural crops can be grown and commonly includes top fruit, soft fruit, salad crops and winter harvested vegetables. Yields are high and less variable than on land of lower quality.
2	21m W	Urban	-



ID	Location	Classification	Description
3	184m E	Grade 5	Very poor quality agricultural land. Land with very severe limitations which restrict use to permanent pasture or rough grazing, except for occasional pioneer forage crops.

This data is sourced from Natural England.

12.2 Open Access Land

Records within 250m

0

The Countryside and Rights of Way Act 2000 (CROW Act) gives a public right of access to land without having to use paths. Access land includes mountains, moors, heaths and downs that are privately owned. It also includes common land registered with the local council and some land around the England Coast Path. Generally permitted activities on access land are walking, running, watching wildlife and climbing.

This data is sourced from Natural England and Natural Resources Wales.

12.3 Tree Felling Licences

Records within 250m

0

Felling Licence Application (FLA) areas approved by Forestry Commission England. Anyone wishing to fell trees must ensure that a licence or permission under a grant scheme has been issued by the Forestry Commission before any felling is carried out or that one of the exceptions apply.

This data is sourced from the Forestry Commission.

12.4 Environmental Stewardship Schemes

Records within 250m

0

Environmental Stewardship covers a range of schemes that provide financial incentives to farmers, foresters and land managers to look after and improve the environment. The schemes identified may be historical schemes that have now expired, or may still be active.

This data is sourced from Natural England.

12.5 Countryside Stewardship Schemes

Records within 250m

2

Countryside Stewardship covers a range of schemes that provide financial incentives to farmers, foresters and land managers to look after and improve the environment. Main objectives are to improve the farmed environment for wildlife and to reduce diffuse water pollution.



Location	Reference	Scheme	Start Date	End Date
On site	472040	Countryside Stewardship (Middle Tier)	01/01/2018	31/12/2022
On site	645270	Countryside Stewardship (Middle Tier)	01/01/2019	31/12/2023

This data is sourced from Natural England.



13 Habitat designations



- Site Outline
- Search buffers in metres (m)
- Priority Habitat Inventory
- Open Mosaic Habitat
- Limestone Pavement Orders
- Habitat Networks
- Primary Habitat
- Restorable Habitat
- Associated Habitats
- Habitat Restoration-Creation
- Network Enhancement Zone 1
- Network Enhancement Zone 2

13.1 Priority Habitat Inventory

Records within 250m

8

Habitats of principal importance as named under Natural Environment and Rural Communities Act (2006) Section 41.

Features are displayed on the Habitat designations map on [page 127 >](#)

ID	Location	Main Habitat	Other habitats
1	On site	Deciduous woodland	Main habitat: DWOOD (INV > 50%)
2	On site	Deciduous woodland	Main habitat: DWOOD (INV > 50%)
3	12m W	Deciduous woodland	Main habitat: DWOOD (INV > 50%)
4	13m W	Deciduous woodland	Main habitat: DWOOD (INV > 50%)



ID	Location	Main Habitat	Other habitats
5	95m E	Deciduous woodland	Main habitat: DWOOD (INV > 50%)
6	130m W	Deciduous woodland	Main habitat: DWOOD (INV > 50%)
7	143m SW	Deciduous woodland	Main habitat: DWOOD (INV > 50%)
8	190m E	Deciduous woodland	Main habitat: DWOOD (INV > 50%)

This data is sourced from Natural England.

13.2 Habitat Networks

Records within 250m	0
----------------------------	----------

Habitat networks for 18 priority habitat networks (based primarily, but not exclusively, on the priority habitat inventory) and areas suitable for the expansion of networks through restoration and habitat creation.

This data is sourced from Natural England.

13.3 Open Mosaic Habitat

Records within 250m	0
----------------------------	----------

Sites verified as Open Mosaic Habitat. Mosaic habitats are brownfield sites that are identified under the UK Biodiversity Action Plan as a priority habitat due to the habitat variation within a single site, supporting an array of invertebrates.

This data is sourced from Natural England.

13.4 Limestone Pavement Orders

Records within 250m	0
----------------------------	----------

Limestone pavements are outcrops of limestone where the surface has been worn away by natural means over millennia. These rocks have the appearance of paving blocks, hence their name. Not only do they have geological interest, they also provide valuable habitats for wildlife. These habitats are threatened due to their removal for use in gardens and water features. Many limestone pavements have been designated as SSSIs which affords them some protection. In addition, Section 34 of the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 gave them additional protection via the creation of Limestone Pavement Orders, which made it a criminal offence to remove any part of the outcrop. The associated Limestone Pavement Priority Habitat is part of the UK Biodiversity Action Plan priority habitat in England.

This data is sourced from Natural England.



14 Geology 1:10,000 scale - Availability



— Site Outline
Search buffers in metres (m)

- Full coverage
- Partial coverage
- No coverage

14.1 10k Availability

Records within 500m

1

An indication on the coverage of 1:10,000 scale geology data for the site, the most detailed dataset provided by the British Geological Survey. Either 'Full', 'Partial' or 'No coverage' for each geological theme.

Features are displayed on the Geology 1:10,000 scale - Availability map on [page 129](#) >

ID	Location	Artificial	Superficial	Bedrock	Mass movement	Sheet No.
1	On site	No coverage	No coverage	No coverage	No coverage	NoCov

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



Geology 1:10,000 scale - Artificial and made ground

14.2 Artificial and made ground (10k)

Records within 500m

0

Details of made, worked, infilled, disturbed and landscaped ground at 1:10,000 scale. Artificial ground can be associated with potentially contaminated material, unpredictable engineering conditions and instability.

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



Geology 1:10,000 scale - Superficial

14.3 Superficial geology (10k)

Records within 500m

0

Superficial geological deposits at 1:10,000 scale. Also known as 'drift', these are the youngest geological deposits, formed during the Quaternary. They rest on older deposits or rocks referred to as bedrock.

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.

14.4 Landslip (10k)

Records within 500m

0

Mass movement deposits on BGS geological maps at 1:10,000 scale. Primarily superficial deposits that have moved down slope under gravity to form landslips. These affect bedrock, other superficial deposits and artificial ground.

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



Geology 1:10,000 scale - Bedrock

14.5 Bedrock geology (10k)

Records within 500m

0

Bedrock geology at 1:10,000 scale. The main mass of rocks forming the Earth and present everywhere, whether exposed at the surface in outcrops or concealed beneath superficial deposits or water.

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.

14.6 Bedrock faults and other linear features (10k)

Records within 500m

0

Linear features at the ground or bedrock surface at 1:10,000 scale of six main types; rock, fault, fold axis, mineral vein, alteration area or landform. Features are either observed or inferred, and relate primarily to bedrock.

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



15 Geology 1:50,000 scale - Availability



— Site Outline
Search buffers in metres (m)

☐ Geological map tile

15.1 50k Availability

Records within 500m

1

An indication on the coverage of 1:50,000 scale geology data for the site. Either 'Full' or 'No coverage' for each geological theme.

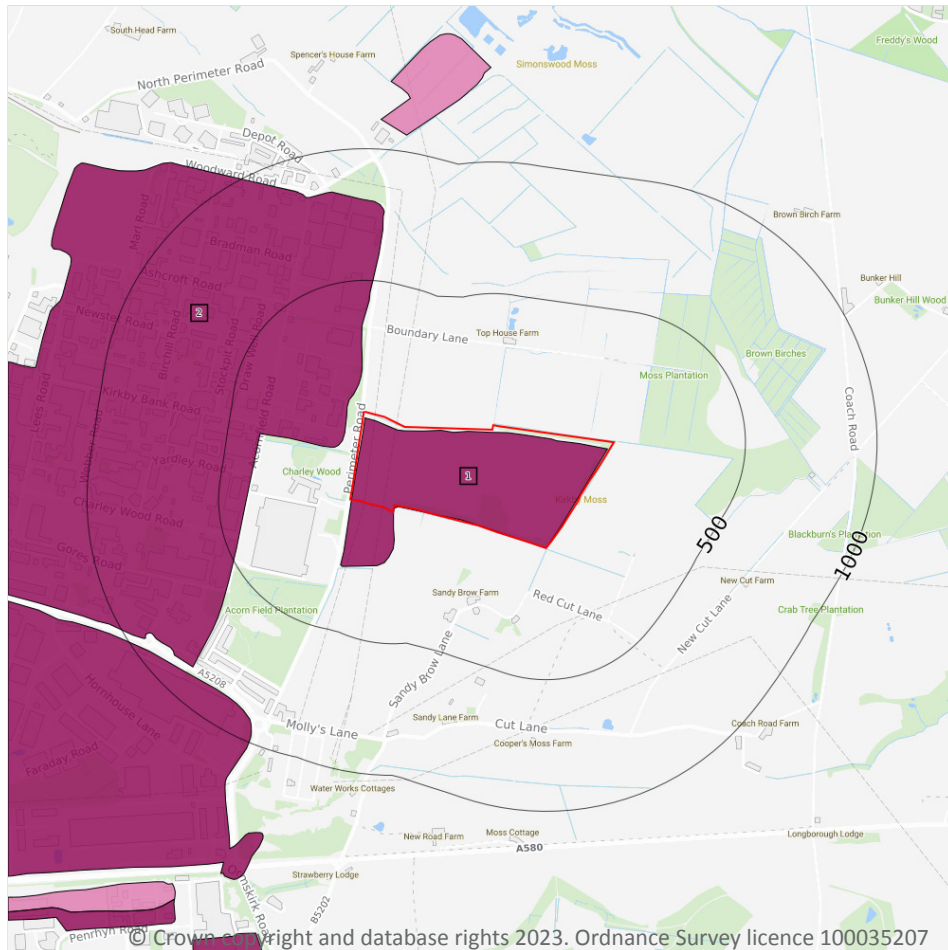
Features are displayed on the Geology 1:50,000 scale - Availability map on [page 133](#) >

ID	Location	Artificial	Superficial	Bedrock	Mass movement	Sheet No.
1	On site	No coverage	Full	Full	No coverage	EW084_wigan_v4

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



Geology 1:50,000 scale - Artificial and made ground



- Site Outline**
- Search buffers in metres (m)**
- Made ground
 - Worked ground
 - Infilled ground
 - Disturbed ground
 - Landscaped ground

15.2 Artificial and made ground (50k)

Records within 500m

2

Details of made, worked, infilled, disturbed and landscaped ground at 1:50,000 scale. Artificial ground can be associated with potentially contaminated material, unpredictable engineering conditions and instability.

Features are displayed on the Geology 1:50,000 scale - Artificial and made ground map on [page 134](#) >

ID	Location	LEX Code	Description	Rock description
1	On site	MGR-ARTDP	MADE GROUND (UNDIVIDED)	ARTIFICIAL DEPOSIT
2	60m W	MGR-ARTDP	MADE GROUND (UNDIVIDED)	ARTIFICIAL DEPOSIT

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



15.3 Artificial ground permeability (50k)

Records within 50m**1**

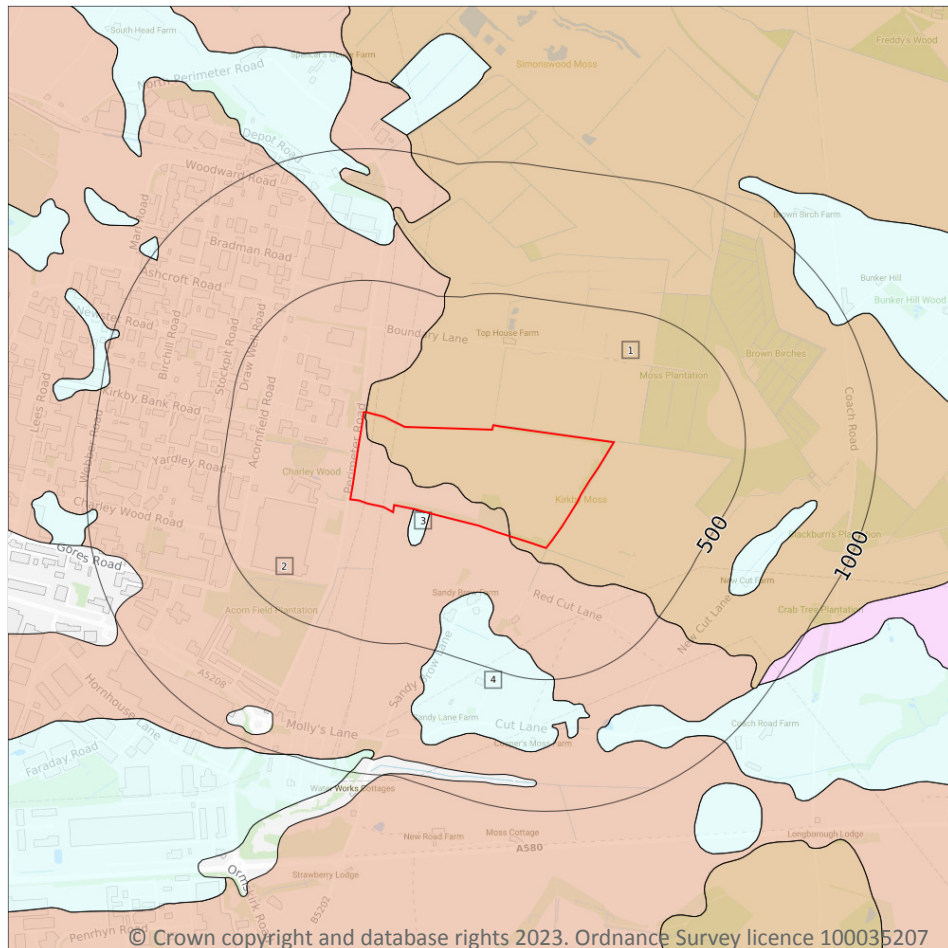
A qualitative classification of estimated rates of vertical movement of water from the ground surface through the unsaturated zone of any artificial deposits (the zone between the land surface and the water table).

Location	Flow type	Maximum permeability	Minimum permeability
On site	Mixed	Very High	Low

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



Geology 1:50,000 scale - Superficial



Site Outline

Search buffers in metres (m)

Landslip (50k)

Superficial geology (50k)
Please see table for more details.

15.4 Superficial geology (50k)

Records within 500m

4

Superficial geological deposits at 1:50,000 scale. Also known as 'drift', these are the youngest geological deposits, formed during the Quaternary. They rest on older deposits or rocks referred to as bedrock.

Features are displayed on the Geology 1:50,000 scale - Superficial map on [page 136](#) >

ID	Location	LEX Code	Description	Rock description
1	On site	PEAT-P	PEAT	PEAT
2	On site	SSA-S	SHIRDLEY HILL SAND FORMATION	SAND
3	1m SW	TILLD-DMTN	TILL, DEVENSIAN	DIAMICTON
4	234m S	TILLD-DMTN	TILL, DEVENSIAN	DIAMICTON



This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.

15.5 Superficial permeability (50k)

Records within 50m

4

A qualitative classification of estimated rates of vertical movement of water from the ground surface through the unsaturated zone of any superficial deposits (the zone between the land surface and the water table).

Location	Flow type	Maximum permeability	Minimum permeability
On site	Intergranular	High	High
On site	Mixed	Low	Very Low
1m SW	Mixed	High	Low
14m E	Mixed	Low	Very Low

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.

15.6 Landslip (50k)

Records within 500m

0

Mass movement deposits on BGS geological maps at 1:50,000 scale. Primarily superficial deposits that have moved down slope under gravity to form landslips. These affect bedrock, other superficial deposits and artificial ground.

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.

15.7 Landslip permeability (50k)

Records within 50m

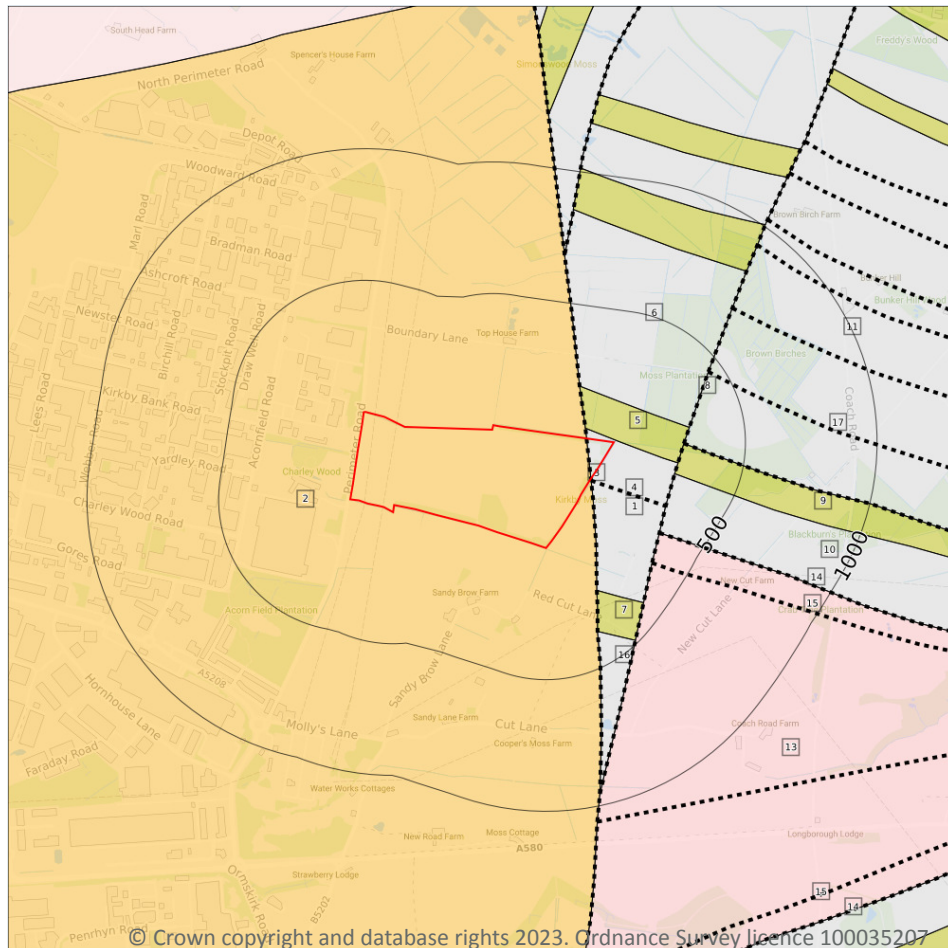
0

A qualitative classification of estimated rates of vertical movement of water from the ground surface through the unsaturated zone of any landslip deposits (the zone between the land surface and the water table).

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



Geology 1:50,000 scale - Bedrock



Site Outline

Search buffers in metres (m)

..... Bedrock faults and other linear features (50k)

Bedrock geology (50k)
Please see table for more details.

15.8 Bedrock geology (50k)

Records within 500m

10

Bedrock geology at 1:50,000 scale. The main mass of rocks forming the Earth and present everywhere, whether exposed at the surface in outcrops or concealed beneath superficial deposits or water.

Features are displayed on the Geology 1:50,000 scale - Bedrock map on [page 138](#) >

ID	Location	LEX Code	Description	Rock age
1	On site	PLCM-MDST	PENNINE LOWER COAL MEASURES FORMATION - MUDSTONE	WESTPHALIAN
2	On site	CHES-SDST	CHESTER FORMATION - SANDSTONE	OLENEKIAN
5	10m E	MLRS-SDST	MILNROW SANDSTONE - SANDSTONE	WESTPHALIAN



ID	Location	LEX Code	Description	Rock age
6	152m NE	PLCM-MDST	PENNINE LOWER COAL MEASURES FORMATION - MUDSTONE	WESTPHALIAN
7	251m SE	HER-SDST	HELPET EDGE ROCK - SANDSTONE	WESTPHALIAN
9	256m E	WH-SDST	WOODHEAD HILL ROCK - SANDSTONE	WESTPHALIAN
10	260m E	PLCM-MDST	PENNINE LOWER COAL MEASURES FORMATION - MUDSTONE	WESTPHALIAN
11	266m E	PLCM-MDSS	PENNINE LOWER COAL MEASURES FORMATION - MUDSTONE, SILTSTONE AND SANDSTONE	WESTPHALIAN
13	330m E	ROSSE-MDSS	ROSSENDALE FORMATION - MUDSTONE, SILTSTONE AND SANDSTONE	NAMURIAN
16	372m SE	PLCM-MDST	PENNINE LOWER COAL MEASURES FORMATION - MUDSTONE	WESTPHALIAN

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.

15.9 Bedrock permeability (50k)

Records within 50m	5
---------------------------	----------

A qualitative classification of estimated rates of vertical movement of water from the ground surface through the unsaturated zone of bedrock (the zone between the land surface and the water table).

Location	Flow type	Maximum permeability	Minimum permeability
On site	Fracture	Low	Low
On site	Mixed	High	Moderate
10m E	Fracture	High	Moderate
14m E	Fracture	Low	Low
15m E	Fracture	High	Moderate

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.

15.10 Bedrock faults and other linear features (50k)

Records within 500m	7
----------------------------	----------

Linear features at the ground or bedrock surface at 1:50,000 scale of six main types; rock, fault, fold axis, mineral vein, alteration area or landform. Features are either observed or inferred, and relate primarily to bedrock.



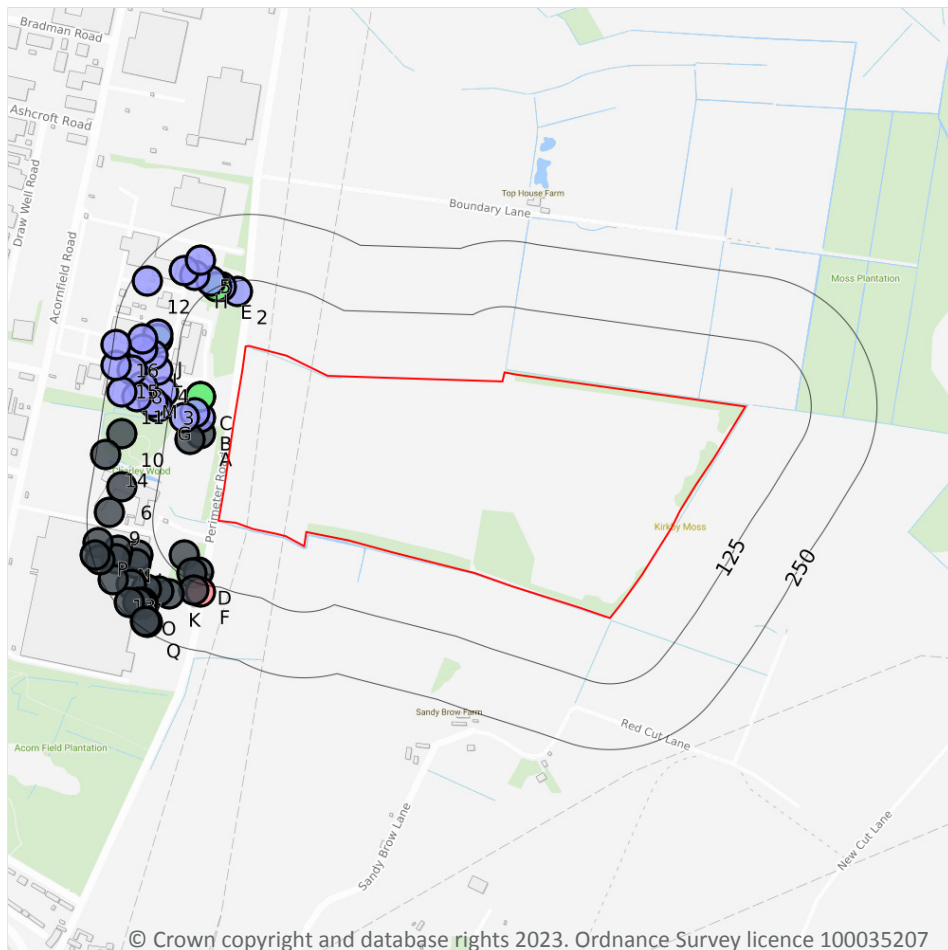
Features are displayed on the Geology 1:50,000 scale - Bedrock map on [page 138 >](#)

ID	Location	Category	Description
3	On site	FAULT	Fault, inferred
4	4m E	FOSSIL_HORIZON	Marine band
8	256m E	FAULT	Fault, inferred
12	266m E	ROCK	Coal seam, inferred
14	330m E	FOSSIL_HORIZON	Marine band
15	363m SE	ROCK	Coal seam, inferred
17	448m NE	ROCK	Coal seam, inferred

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



16 Boreholes



— Site Outline
Search buffers in metres (m)

- Confidential
- 0 - 10m
- 10 - 30m
- 30m+
- Unknown

16.1 BGS Boreholes

Records within 250m

58

The Single Onshore Boreholes Index (SOBI); an index of over one million records of boreholes, shafts and wells from all forms of drilling and site investigation work held by the British Geological Survey. Covering onshore and nearshore boreholes dating back to at least 1790 and ranging from one to several thousand metres deep.

Features are displayed on the Boreholes map on [page 141](#) >

ID	Location	Grid reference	Name	Length	Confidential	Web link
A	60m W	343950 398440	NORTH ACORNFIELD ROAD PETROLITE KNOWSLEY IND PK HA13	-	Y	N/A
B	64m W	343950 398470	KODAK KIRKBY WS22	2.0	N	17560252 ↗



ID	Location	Grid reference	Name	Length	Confidential	Web link
C	71m W	343950 398510	KODAK KIRKBY 2A(S)	3.5	N	17560409 ↗
C	71m W	343950 398510	KODAK KIRKBY 2A(D)	25.0	N	17560459 ↗
B	76m W	343940 398480	KODAK KIRKBY WS23	2.0	N	17560253 ↗
A	78m W	343930 398430	NORTH ACORNFIELD ROAD PETROLITE KNOWSLEY IND PK HA1	-	Y	N/A
1	91m W	343920 398210	KNOWSLEY INDUSTRIAL PARK TP 20	-	Y	N/A
B	94m W	343920 398470	KODAK KIRKBY WS24	2.0	N	17560254 ↗
D	105m W	343946 398177	ACORNFIELD ROAD MA 15	-	Y	N/A
2	106m NW	344020 398710	KODAK KIRKBY WS7	2.0	N	17560196 ↗
D	112m W	343934 398175	ACORNFIELD ROAD MA 15A	-	Y	N/A
E	123m NW	343990 398720	KODAK KIRKBY 6A(S)	4.2	N	17560467 ↗
E	127m NW	343980 398720	KODAK KIRKBY 6A(D)	25.0	N	17560466 ↗
F	139m SW	343950 398140	PERIMETER ROAD	144.78	N	164995 ↗
F	141m SW	343938 398142	ACORNFIELD ROAD MA 14	-	Y	N/A
E	141m NW	343970 398730	KODAK KIRKBY WS8	2.0	N	17560198 ↗
3	141m W	343880 398520	KODAK KIRKBY WS25	2.0	N	17560255 ↗
G	146m W	343870 398490	KODAK KIRKBY WS26	2.0	N	17560311 ↗
4	158m W	343870 398560	KODAK KIRKBY WS19	1.2	N	17560212 ↗
G	158m W	343860 398500	KODAK KIRKBY WS27	1.45	N	17560312 ↗
H	165m NW	343940 398740	KODAK KIRKBY WS5	2.0	N	17560194 ↗
I	166m W	343832 398210	ACORNFIELD ROAD 87	-	Y	N/A



ID	Location	Grid reference	Name	Length	Confidential	Web link
J	167m NW	343870 398620	KODAK KIRKBY 5A(D)	25.0	N	17560464 ↗
J	168m NW	343870 398630	KODAK KIRKBY 5A(S)	5.0	N	17560465 ↗
K	168m W	343891 398135	ACORNFIELD ROAD MA 18	-	Y	N/A
L	172m W	343860 398590	KODAK KIRKBY WS18	2.0	N	17560210 ↗
K	175m W	343871 398141	ACORNFIELD ROAD MA 17	-	Y	N/A
I	177m W	343828 398193	ACORNFIELD ROAD 73	-	Y	N/A
M	182m W	343840 398530	KODAK KIRKBY WS29	1.75	N	17560365 ↗
H	185m NW	343920 398750	KODAK KIRKBY WS6	2.0	N	17560195 ↗
5	186m NW	343950 398770	KODAK KIRKBY WS4	2.0	N	17560193 ↗
K	189m W	343848 398144	ACORNFIELD ROAD MA 16	-	Y	N/A
M	189m W	343830 398510	KODAK KIRKBY WS28	1.8	N	17560364 ↗
6	193m W	343800 398340	NORTH ACORNFIELD ROAD PETROLITE KNOWSLEY IND PK HA9	-	Y	N/A
L	194m W	343840 398600	KODAK KIRKBY WS17	2.0	N	17560208 ↗
L	196m W	343840 398620	KODAK KIRKBY WS15	2.0	N	17560204 ↗
N	199m W	343794 398219	ACORNFIELD ROAD 86	-	Y	N/A
7	205m W	343819 398153	ACORNFIELD ROAD 66	-	Y	N/A
8	207m W	343820 398560	KODAK KIRKBY WS20	2.0	N	17560213 ↗
9	207m W	343778 398291	ACORNFIELD ROAD 97	-	Y	N/A
N	208m W	343790 398202	ACORNFIELD ROAD 74	-	Y	N/A
10	208m W	343800 398440	NORTH ACORNFIELD ROAD PETROLITE KNOWSLEY IND PK HA8	-	Y	N/A
O	212m W	343840 398120	KNOWSLEY INDUSTRIAL PARK TP 13	-	Y	N/A
O	212m W	343840 398119	ACORNFIELD ROAD MA 19A	-	Y	N/A

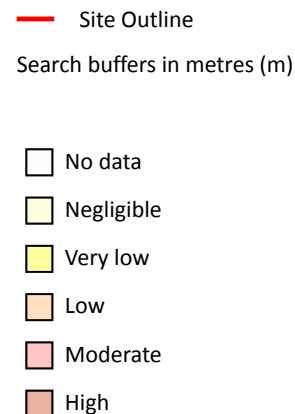
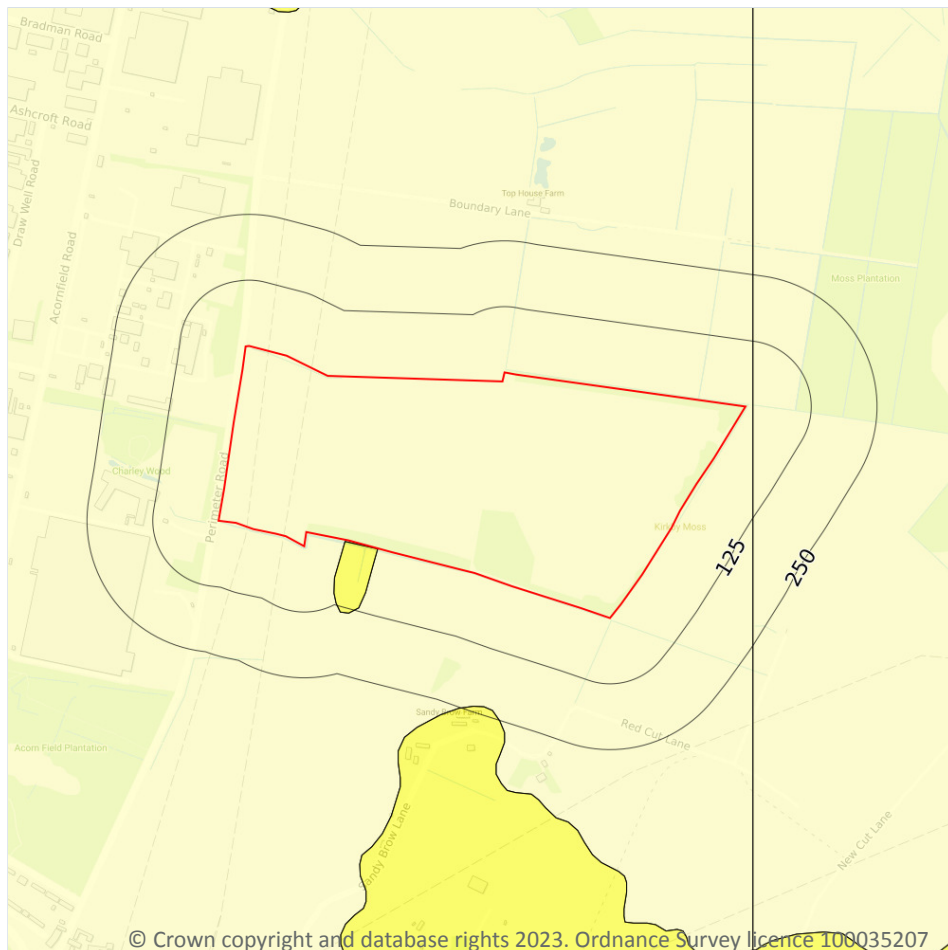


ID	Location	Grid reference	Name	Length	Confidential	Web link
O	216m W	343838 398116	ACORNFIELD ROAD MA 19B	-	Y	N/A
O	217m W	343832 398120	ACORNFIELD ROAD MA 19C	-	Y	N/A
11	220m W	343800 398520	KODAK KIRKBY WS30	1.8	N	17560368 ↗
12	224m NW	343850 398730	KODAK KIRKBY WS9	2.0	N	17560199 ↗
O	230m W	343815 398120	ACORNFIELD ROAD 53	-	Y	N/A
13	230m W	343784 398162	ACORNFIELD ROAD 65	-	Y	N/A
14	232m W	343770 398400	NORTH ACORNFIELD ROAD PETROLITE KNOWSLEY IND PK HA10	-	Y	N/A
P	234m W	343755 398232	ACORNFIELD ROAD 85	-	Y	N/A
Q	236m SW	343849 398082	ACORNFIELD ROAD 47A	-	Y	N/A
P	237m W	343760 398200	KNOWSLEY INDUSTRIAL PARK TP 15	-	Y	N/A
Q	237m SW	343845 398083	ACORNFIELD ROAD 47	-	Y	N/A
15	238m W	343790 398570	KODAK KIRKBY WS21	2.0	N	17560215 ↗
P	242m W	343751 398210	ACORNFIELD ROAD 75	-	Y	N/A
16	245m W	343790 398610	KODAK KIRKBY WS16	2.0	N	17560206 ↗

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



17 Natural ground subsidence - Shrink swell clays



17.1 Shrink swell clays

Records within 50m

3

The potential hazard presented by soils that absorb water when wet (making them swell), and lose water as they dry (making them shrink). This shrink-swell behaviour is controlled by the type and amount of clay in the soil, and by seasonal changes in the soil moisture content (related to rainfall and local drainage).

Features are displayed on the Natural ground subsidence - Shrink swell clays map on [page 145 >](#)

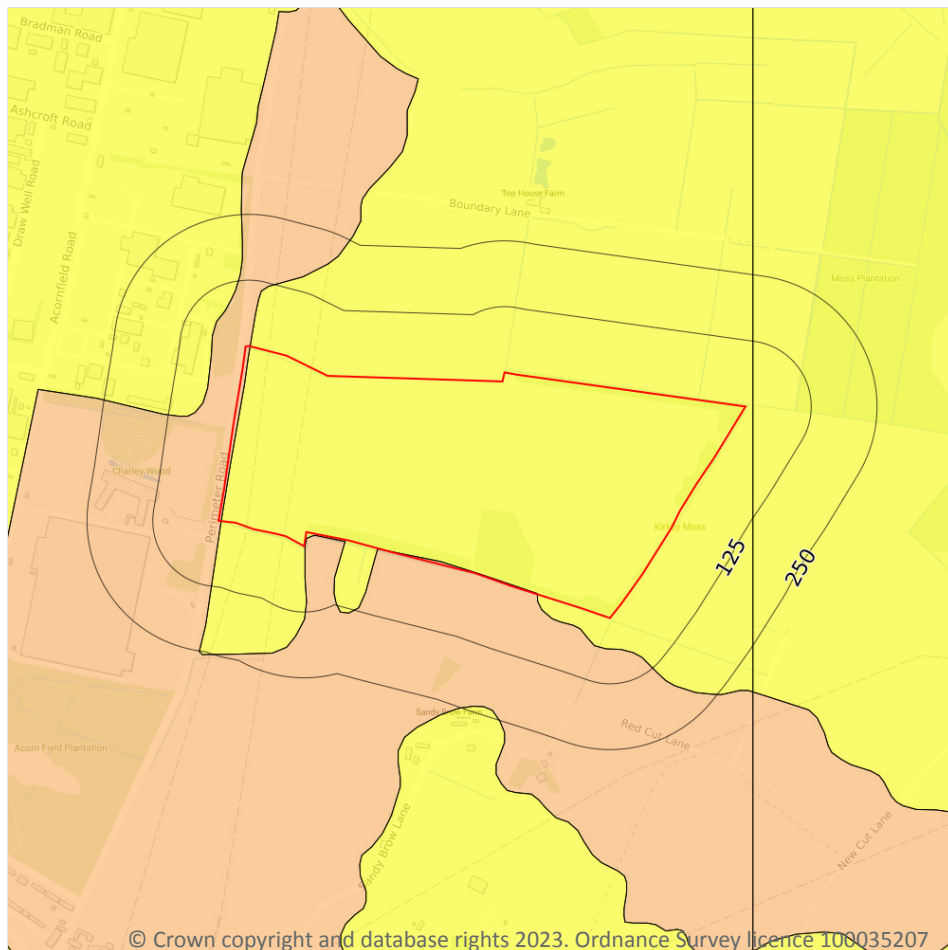
Location	Hazard rating	Details
On site	Negligible	Ground conditions predominantly non-plastic.
1m SW	Very low	Ground conditions predominantly low plasticity.
14m E	Negligible	Ground conditions predominantly non-plastic.



This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



Natural ground subsidence - Running sands



- Site Outline
- Search buffers in metres (m)
- ☐ No data
 - ☐ Negligible
 - ☐ Very low
 - ☐ Low
 - ☐ Moderate
 - ☐ High

17.2 Running sands

Records within 50m

3

The potential hazard presented by rocks that can contain loosely-packed sandy layers that can become fluidised by water flowing through them. Such sands can 'run', removing support from overlying buildings and causing potential damage.

Features are displayed on the Natural ground subsidence - Running sands map on [page 147 >](#)

Location	Hazard rating	Details
On site	Very low	Running sand conditions are unlikely. No identified constraints on land use due to running conditions unless water table rises rapidly.

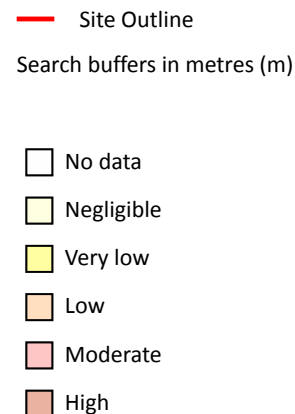
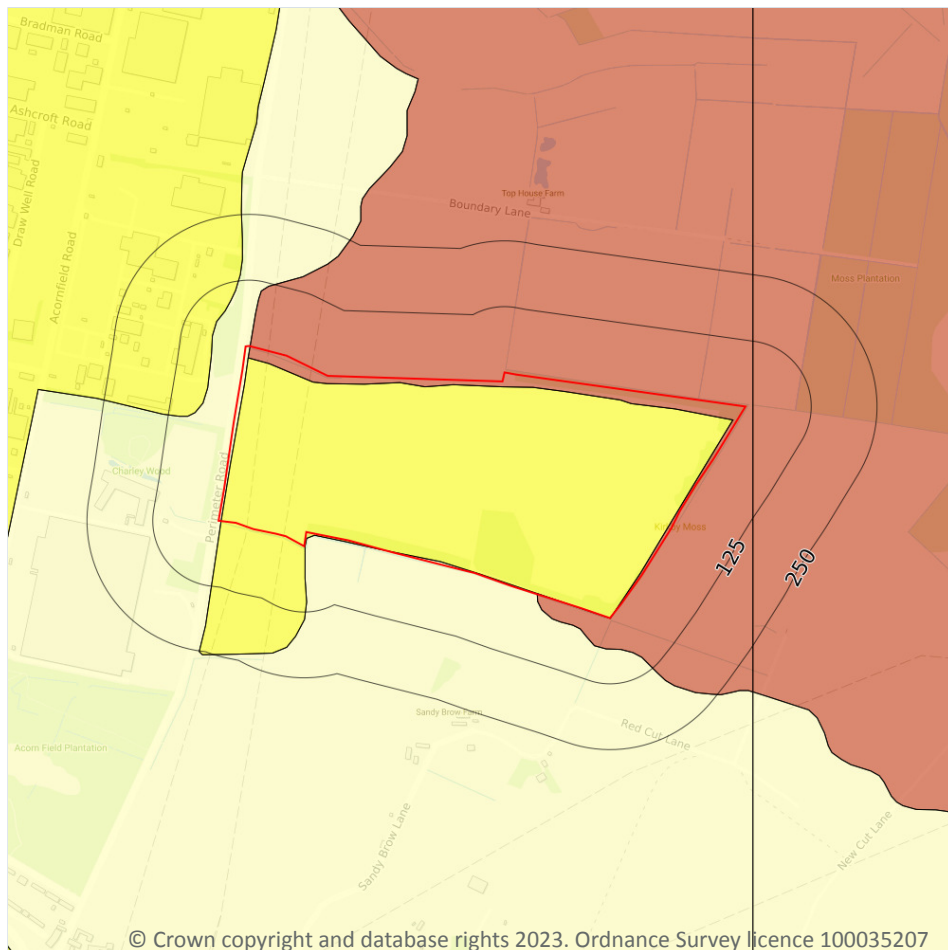


Location	Hazard rating	Details
On site	Low	Running sand conditions may be present. Constraints may apply to land uses involving excavation or the addition or removal of water.
14m E	Very low	Running sand conditions are unlikely. No identified constraints on land use due to running conditions unless water table rises rapidly.

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



Natural ground subsidence - Compressible deposits



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17.3 Compressible deposits

Records within 50m

4

The potential hazard presented by types of ground that may contain layers of very soft materials like clay or peat and may compress if loaded by overlying structures, or if the groundwater level changes, potentially resulting in depression of the ground and disturbance of foundations.

Features are displayed on the Natural ground subsidence - Compressible deposits map on [page 149](#) >

Location	Hazard rating	Details
On site	Negligible	Compressible strata are not thought to occur.
On site	Very low	Compressibility and uneven settlement problems are not likely to be significant on the site for most land uses.

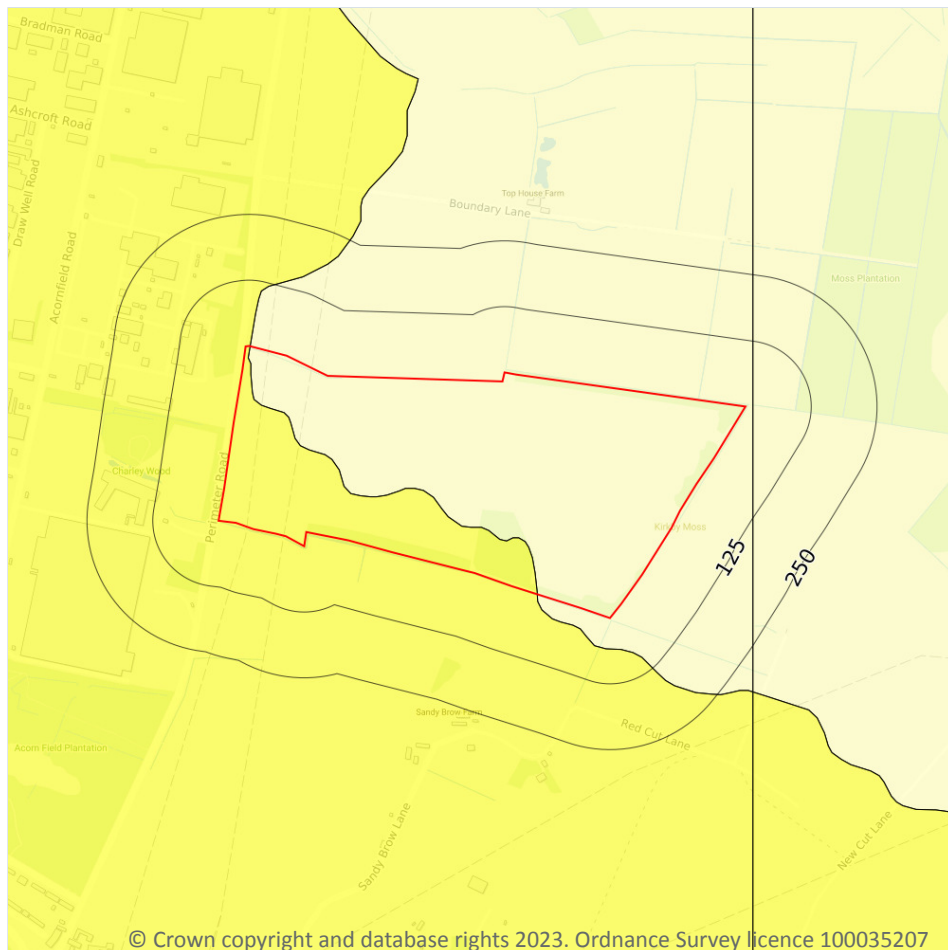


Location	Hazard rating	Details
On site	High	Highly compressible strata present. Significant constraint on land use depending on thickness.
14m E	High	Highly compressible strata present. Significant constraint on land use depending on thickness.

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



Natural ground subsidence - Collapsible deposits



- Site Outline**
- Search buffers in metres (m)**
- ☐ No data
 - ☐ Negligible
 - ☐ Very low
 - ☐ Low
 - ☐ Moderate
 - ☐ High

17.4 Collapsible deposits

Records within 50m

3

The potential hazard presented by natural deposits that could collapse when a load (such as a building) is placed on them or they become saturated with water.

Features are displayed on the Natural ground subsidence - Collapsible deposits map on [page 151](#) >

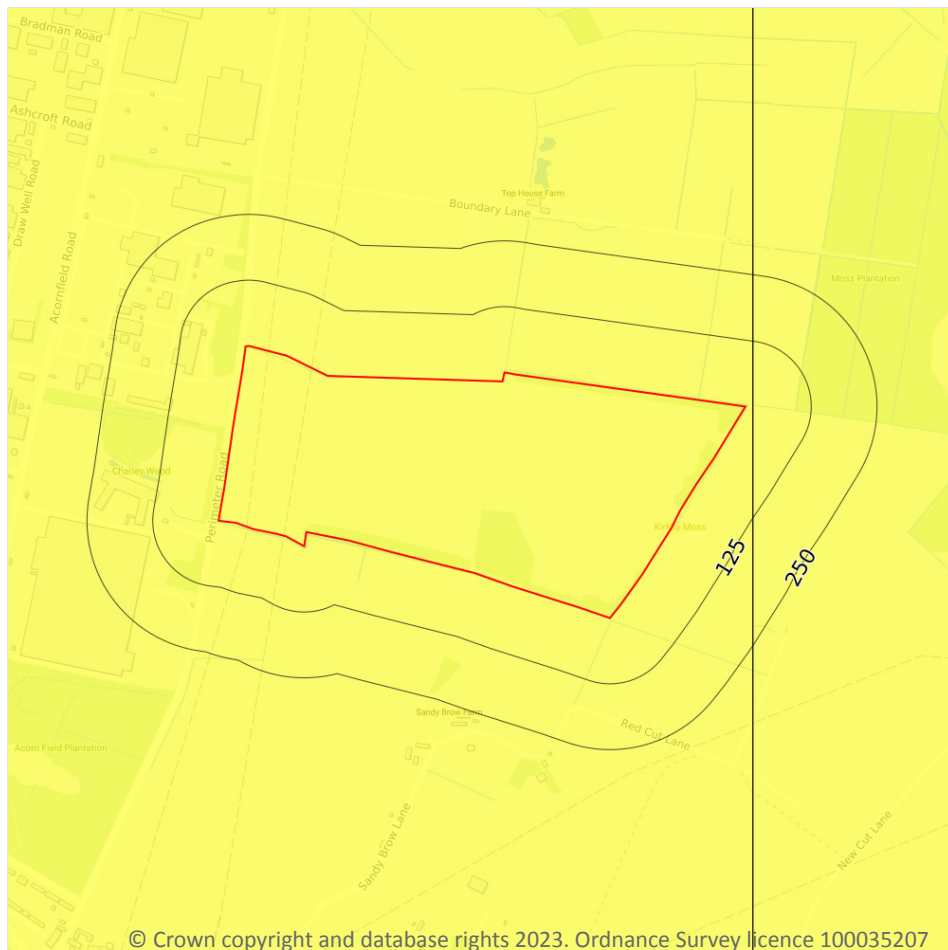
Location	Hazard rating	Details
On site	Negligible	Deposits with potential to collapse when loaded and saturated are believed not to be present.
On site	Very low	Deposits with potential to collapse when loaded and saturated are unlikely to be present.
14m E	Negligible	Deposits with potential to collapse when loaded and saturated are believed not to be present.



This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



Natural ground subsidence - Landslides



- Site Outline
- Search buffers in metres (m)
- ☐ No data
 - ☐ Negligible
 - ☐ Very low
 - ☐ Low
 - ☐ Moderate
 - ☐ High

17.5 Landslides

Records within 50m

2

The potential for landsliding (slope instability) to be a hazard assessed using 1:50,000 scale digital maps of superficial and bedrock deposits, combined with information from the BGS National Landslide Database and scientific and engineering reports.

Features are displayed on the Natural ground subsidence - Landslides map on [page 153](#) >

Location	Hazard rating	Details
On site	Very low	Slope instability problems are not likely to occur but consideration to potential problems of adjacent areas impacting on the site should always be considered.

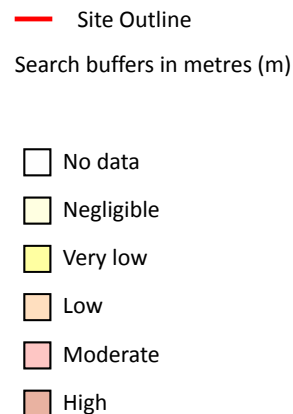
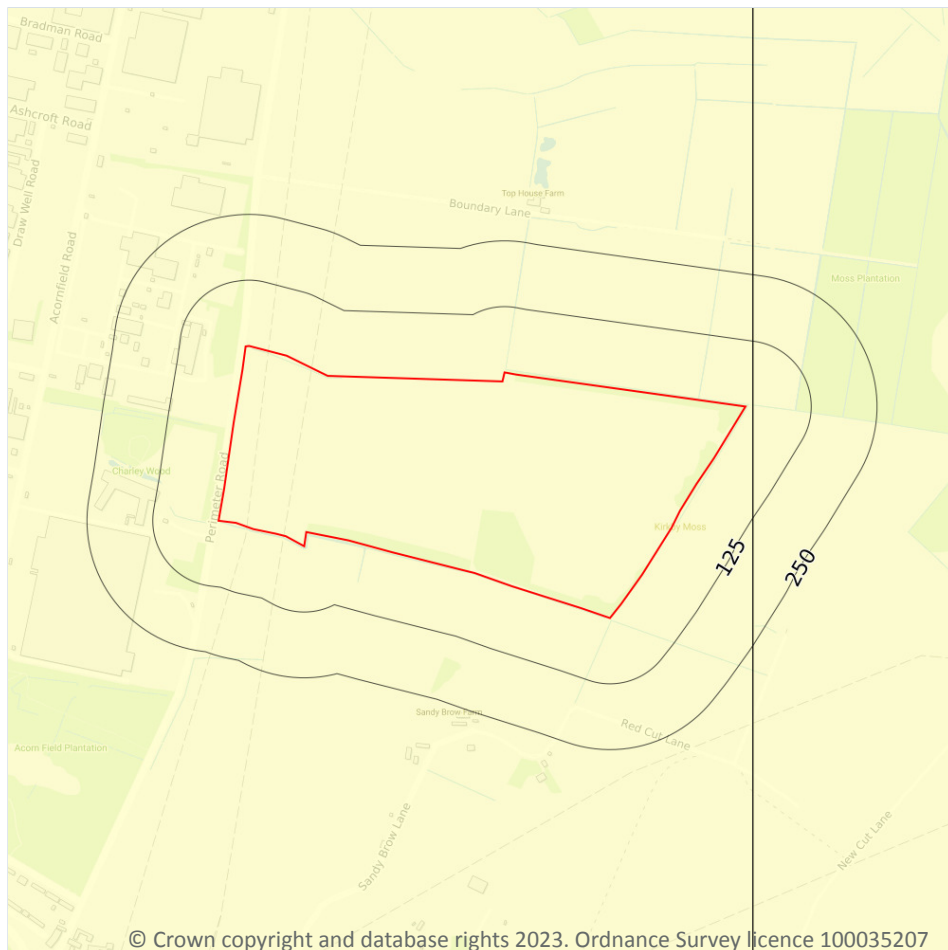


Location	Hazard rating	Details
14m E	Very low	Slope instability problems are not likely to occur but consideration to potential problems of adjacent areas impacting on the site should always be considered.

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



Natural ground subsidence - Ground dissolution of soluble rocks



17.6 Ground dissolution of soluble rocks

Records within 50m

2

The potential hazard presented by ground dissolution, which occurs when water passing through soluble rocks produces underground cavities and cave systems. These cavities reduce support to the ground above and can cause localised collapse of the overlying rocks and deposits.

Features are displayed on the Natural ground subsidence - Ground dissolution of soluble rocks map on [page 155](#) >

Location	Hazard rating	Details
On site	Negligible	Soluble rocks are either not thought to be present within the ground, or not prone to dissolution. Dissolution features are unlikely to be present.

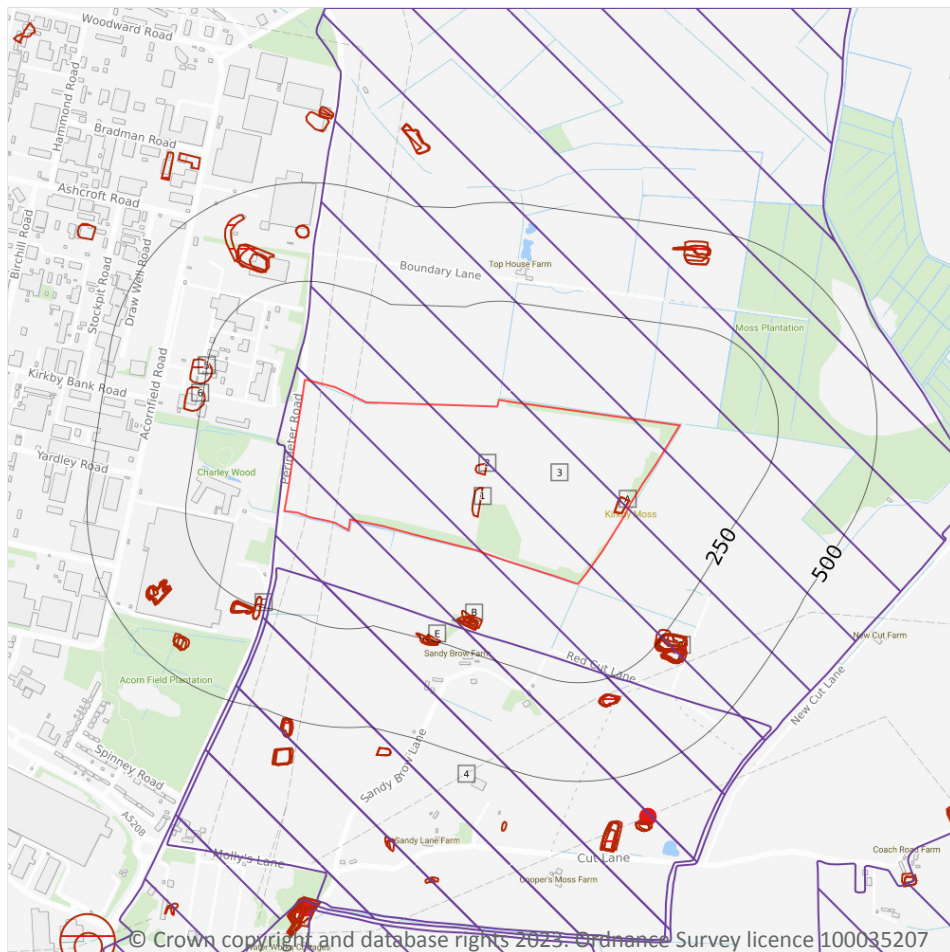


Location	Hazard rating	Details
14m E	Negligible	Soluble rocks are either not thought to be present within the ground, or not prone to dissolution. Dissolution features are unlikely to be present.

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



18 Mining and ground workings



- Site Outline
- Search buffers in metres (m)
- BritPits
- Surface ground workings
- Underground workings
- Underground mining extents
- Historical mineral planning areas
- TCA non-coal mining
- Non Coal Mining
 - Sporadic underground mining of restricted extent possible
 - Localised small scale underground mining possible
 - Small scale mining possible
 - Underground mining known or likely within or in close proximity
 - Underground mining known within or in very close proximity

18.1 BritPits

Records within 500m

0

BritPits (an abbreviation of British Pits) is a database maintained by the British Geological Survey of currently active and closed surface and underground mineral workings. Details of major mineral handling sites, such as wharfs and rail depots are also held in the database.

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



18.2 Surface ground workings

Records within 250m

30

Historical land uses identified from Ordnance Survey mapping that involved ground excavation at the surface. These features may or may not have been subsequently backfilled.

Features are displayed on the Mining and ground workings map on [page 157 >](#)

ID	Location	Land Use	Year of mapping	Mapping scale
1	On site	Refuse Heap	1966	1:10560
2	On site	Refuse Heap	1966	1:10560
A	On site	Pond	1966	1:10560
A	On site	Pond	1976	1:10000
B	156m S	Unspecified Pit	1892	1:10560
B	160m S	Unspecified Pit	1955	1:10560
B	165m S	Unspecified Ground Workings	1938	1:10560
B	165m S	Unspecified Ground Workings	1938	1:10560
B	167m S	Unspecified Pit	1925	1:10560
B	167m S	Unspecified Pit	1925	1:10560
C	226m SW	Unspecified Heap	1966	1:10560
C	226m SW	Unspecified Heap	1976	1:10000
5	235m W	Unspecified Heaps	1955	1:10560
D	236m SE	Refuse Heap	1966	1:10560
E	237m S	Sand Pit	1955	1:10560
E	240m S	Sand Pit	1925	1:10560
E	240m S	Sand Pit	1925	1:10560
6	243m W	Unspecified Heaps	1955	1:10560
E	243m S	Sand Pit	1938	1:10560
E	244m S	Sand Pit	1925	1:10560
D	244m SE	Unspecified Ground Workings	1925	1:10560
D	244m SE	Unspecified Ground Workings	1925	1:10560
D	247m SE	Unspecified Ground Workings	1938	1:10560



ID	Location	Land Use	Year of mapping	Mapping scale
D	247m SE	Unspecified Ground Workings	1925	1:10560
D	247m SE	Unspecified Ground Workings	1907	1:10560
D	247m SE	Unspecified Ground Workings	1938	1:10560
D	247m SE	Pond	1938	1:10560
D	247m SE	Ponds	1938	1:10560
D	247m SE	Ponds	1925	1:10560
D	247m SE	Pond	1907	1:10560

This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey/Groundsure.

18.3 Underground workings

Records within 1000m

0

Historical land uses identified from Ordnance Survey mapping that indicate the presence of underground workings e.g. mine shafts.

This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey/Groundsure.

18.4 Underground mining extents

Records within 500m

0

This data identifies underground mine workings that could present a potential risk, including adits and seam workings. These features have been identified from BGS Geological mapping and mine plans sourced from the BGS and various collections and sources.

This data is sourced from Groundsure.

18.5 Historical Mineral Planning Areas

Records within 500m

2

Boundaries of mineral planning permissions for England and Wales. This data was collated between the 1940s (and retrospectively to the 1930s) and the mid 1980s. The data includes permitted, withdrawn and refused permissions.

Features are displayed on the Mining and ground workings map on [page 157](#) >



ID	Location	Site Name	Mineral	Type	Planning Status	Planning Status Date
3	On site	Rainford Road	Sand	Surface mineral working	Valid	10/3/47
4	145m SW	Rainford Road	Sand	Surface mineral working	Valid	10/3/47

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.

18.6 Non-coal mining

Records within 1000m

0

The potential for historical non-coal mining to have affected an area. The assessment is drawn from expert knowledge and literature in addition to the digital geological map of Britain. Mineral commodities may be divided into seven general categories - vein minerals, chalk, oil shale, building stone, bedded ores, evaporites and 'other' commodities (including ball clay, jet, black marble, graphite and chert).

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.

18.7 JPB mining areas

Records on site

0

Areas which could be affected by former coal and other mining. This data includes some mine plans unavailable to the Coal Authority.

This data is sourced from Johnson Poole and Bloomer.

18.8 The Coal Authority non-coal mining

Records within 500m

0

This data provides an indication of the potential zone of influence of recorded underground non-coal mining workings. Any and all analysis and interpretation of Coal Authority Data in this report is made by Groundsure, and is in no way supported, endorsed or authorised by the Coal Authority. The use of the data is restricted to the terms and provisions contained in this report. Data reproduced in this report may be the copyright of the Coal Authority and permission should be sought from Groundsure prior to any re-use.

This data is sourced from The Coal Authority.



18.9 Researched mining

Records within 500m

0

This data indicates areas of potential mining identified from alternative or archival sources, including; BGS Geological paper maps, Lidar data, aerial photographs (from World War II onwards), archaeological data services, websites, Tithe maps, and various text/plans from collected books and reports. Some of this data is approximate and Groundsure have interpreted the resultant risk area and, where possible, specific areas of risk have been captured.

This data is sourced from Groundsure.

18.10 Mining record office plans

Records within 500m

0

This dataset is representative of Mining Record Office and/or plan extents held by Groundsure and should be considered approximate. Where possible, plans have been located and any specific areas of risk they depict have been captured.

This data is sourced from Groundsure.

18.11 BGS mine plans

Records within 500m

0

This dataset is representative of BGS mine plans held by Groundsure and should be considered approximate. Where possible, plans have been located and any specific areas of risk they depict have been captured.

This data is sourced from Groundsure.

18.12 Coal mining

Records on site

0

Areas which could be affected by past, current or future coal mining.

This data is sourced from the Coal Authority.

18.13 Brine areas

Records on site

0

The Cheshire Brine Compensation District indicates areas that may be affected by salt and brine extraction in Cheshire and where compensation would be available where damage from this mining has occurred. Damage from salt and brine mining can still occur outside this district, but no compensation will be available.

This data is sourced from the Cheshire Brine Subsidence Compensation Board.



18.14 Gypsum areas

Records on site	0
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Generalised areas that may be affected by gypsum extraction.

This data is sourced from British Gypsum.

18.15 Tin mining

Records on site	0
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Generalised areas that may be affected by historical tin mining.

This data is sourced from Groundsure.

18.16 Clay mining

Records on site	0
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Generalised areas that may be affected by kaolin and ball clay extraction.

This data is sourced from the Kaolin and Ball Clay Association (UK).

19 Ground cavities and sinkholes

19.1 Natural cavities

Records within 500m

0

Industry recognised national database of natural cavities. Sinkholes and caves are formed by the dissolution of soluble rock, such as chalk and limestone, gulls and fissures by cambering. Ground instability can result from movement of loose material contained within these cavities, often triggered by water.

This data is sourced from Stantec UK Ltd.

19.2 Mining cavities

Records within 1000m

0

Industry recognised national database of mining cavities. Degraded mines may result in hazardous subsidence (crown holes). Climatic conditions and water escape can also trigger subsidence over mine entrances and workings.

This data is sourced from Stantec UK Ltd.

19.3 Reported recent incidents

Records within 500m

0

This data identifies sinkhole information gathered from media reports and Groundsure's own records. This data goes back to 2014 and includes relative accuracy ratings for each event and links to the original data sources. The data is updated on a regular basis and should not be considered a comprehensive catalogue of all sinkhole events. The absence of data in this database does not mean a sinkhole definitely has not occurred during this time.

This data is sourced from Groundsure.

19.4 Historical incidents

Records within 500m

0

This dataset comprises an extract of 1:10,560, 1:10,000, 1:2,500 and 1:1,250 scale historical Ordnance Survey maps held by Groundsure, dating back to the 1840s. It shows shakeholes, deneholes and other 'holes' as noted on these maps. Dene holes are medieval chalk extraction pits, usually comprising a narrow shaft with a number of chambers at the base of the shaft. Shakeholes are an alternative name for suffusion sinkholes, most commonly found in the limestone landscapes of North Yorkshire but also extensively noted around the Brecon Beacons National Park.

Not all 'holes' noted on Ordnance Survey mapping will necessarily be present within this dataset.



This data is sourced from Groundsure.

19.5 National karst database

Records within 500m

0

This is a comprehensive database of national karst information gathered from a wide range of sources. BGS have collected data on five main types of karst feature: Sinkholes, stream links, caves, springs, and incidences of associated damage to buildings, roads, bridges and other engineered works.

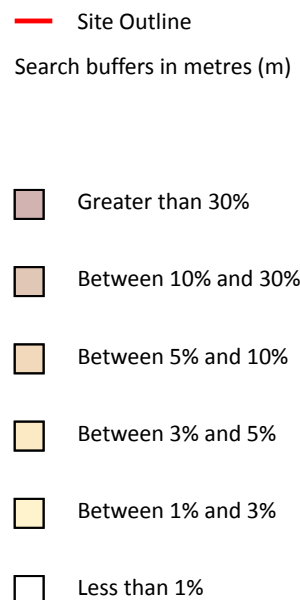
Since the database was set up in 2002 data covering most of the evaporite karst areas of the UK have now been added, along with data covering about 60% of the Chalk, and 35% of the Carboniferous Limestone outcrops. Many of the classic upland karst areas have yet to be included. Recorded so far are: Over 800 caves, 1300 stream sinks, 5600 springs, 10,000 sinkholes.

The database is not yet complete, and not all records have been verified. The absence of data does not mean that karst features are not present at a site. A reliability rating is included with each record.

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



20 Radon



20.1 Radon

Records on site

2

The Radon Potential data classifies areas based on their likelihood of a property having a radon level at or above the Action Level in Great Britain. The dataset is intended for use at 1:50,000 scale and was derived from both geological assessments and indoor radon measurements (more than 560,000 records). A minimum 50m buffer should be considered when searching the maps, as the smallest detectable feature at this scale is 50m. The findings of this section should supersede any estimations derived from the Indicative Atlas of Radon in Great Britain (1:100,000 scale).

Features are displayed on the Radon map on [page 165 >](#)

Location	Estimated properties affected	Radon Protection Measures required
On site	Between 1% and 3%	None



Location	Estimated properties affected	Radon Protection Measures required
On site	Less than 1%	None

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey and UK Health Security Agency.



21 Soil chemistry

21.1 BGS Estimated Background Soil Chemistry

Records within 50m

14

The estimated values provide the likely background concentration of the potentially harmful elements Arsenic, Cadmium, Chromium, Lead and Nickel in topsoil. The values are estimated primarily from rural topsoil data collected at a sample density of approximately 1 per 2 km². In areas where rural soil samples are not available, estimation is based on stream sediment data collected from small streams at a sampling density of 1 per 2.5 km²; this is the case for most of Scotland, Wales and southern England. The stream sediment data are converted to soil-equivalent concentrations prior to the estimation.

Location	Arsenic	Bioaccessible Arsenic	Lead	Bioaccessible Lead	Cadmium	Chromium	Nickel
On site	15 - 25 mg/kg	No data	100 - 200 mg/kg	60 - 120 mg/kg	1.8 mg/kg	60 - 90 mg/kg	15 mg/kg
On site	25 - 35 mg/kg	No data	100 - 200 mg/kg	60 - 120 mg/kg	1.8 mg/kg	90 - 120 mg/kg	15 - 30 mg/kg
On site	25 - 35 mg/kg	No data	200 - 300 mg/kg	120 - 240 mg/kg	1.8 mg/kg	90 - 120 mg/kg	15 - 30 mg/kg
On site	25 - 35 mg/kg	No data	100 - 200 mg/kg	60 - 120 mg/kg	1.8 mg/kg	90 - 120 mg/kg	15 - 30 mg/kg
On site	25 - 35 mg/kg	No data	100 - 200 mg/kg	60 - 120 mg/kg	1.8 mg/kg	90 - 120 mg/kg	15 - 30 mg/kg
On site	25 - 35 mg/kg	No data	100 - 200 mg/kg	60 - 120 mg/kg	1.8 mg/kg	90 - 120 mg/kg	15 - 30 mg/kg
On site	25 - 35 mg/kg	No data	100 - 200 mg/kg	60 - 120 mg/kg	1.8 mg/kg	90 - 120 mg/kg	15 - 30 mg/kg
1m E	15 - 25 mg/kg	No data	200 - 300 mg/kg	120 - 240 mg/kg	1.8 mg/kg	60 - 90 mg/kg	15 mg/kg
14m E	15 - 25 mg/kg	No data	100 - 200 mg/kg	60 - 120 mg/kg	1.8 mg/kg	60 - 90 mg/kg	15 mg/kg
14m E	15 - 25 mg/kg	No data	100 - 200 mg/kg	60 - 120 mg/kg	1.8 mg/kg	60 - 90 mg/kg	15 mg/kg
17m E	15 - 25 mg/kg	No data	300 - 600 mg/kg	240 - 360 mg/kg	1.8 - 2.2 mg/kg	60 - 90 mg/kg	15 mg/kg
17m E	15 - 25 mg/kg	No data	300 - 600 mg/kg	240 - 360 mg/kg	1.8 - 2.2 mg/kg	60 - 90 mg/kg	15 mg/kg



Location	Arsenic	Bioaccessible Arsenic	Lead	Bioaccessible Lead	Cadmium	Chromium	Nickel
20m W	25 - 35 mg/kg	No data	100 - 200 mg/kg	60 - 120 mg/kg	1.8 mg/kg	90 - 120 mg/kg	15 - 30 mg/kg
20m W	25 - 35 mg/kg	No data	100 - 200 mg/kg	60 - 120 mg/kg	1.8 mg/kg	90 - 120 mg/kg	15 - 30 mg/kg

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.

21.2 BGS Estimated Urban Soil Chemistry

Records within 50m

0

Estimated topsoil chemistry of Arsenic, Cadmium, Chromium, Copper, Nickel, Lead, Tin and Zinc and bioaccessible Arsenic and Lead in 23 urban centres across Great Britain. These estimates are derived from interpolation of the measured urban topsoil data referred to above and provide information across each city between the measured sample locations (4 per km²).

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.

21.3 BGS Measured Urban Soil Chemistry

Records within 50m

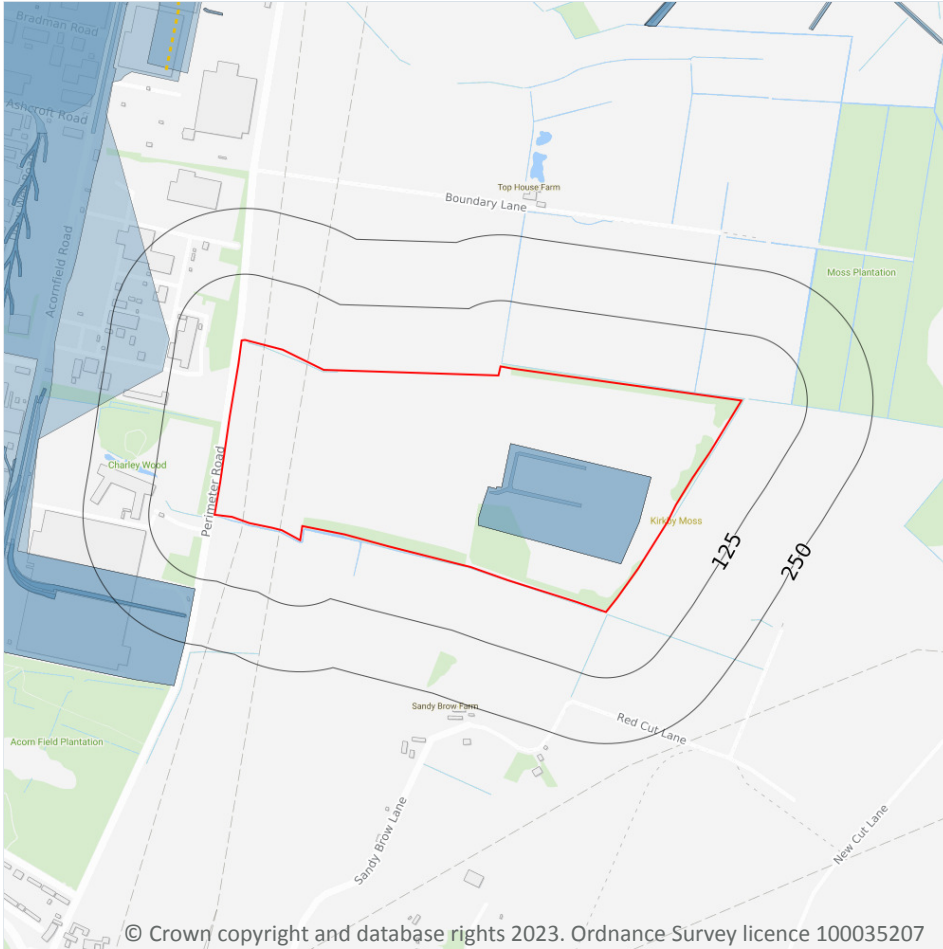
0

The locations and measured total concentrations (mg/kg) of Arsenic, Cadmium, Chromium, Copper, Nickel, Lead, Tin and Zinc in urban topsoil samples from 23 urban centres across Great Britain. These are collected at a sample density of 4 per km².

This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



22 Railway infrastructure and projects



- Site Outline
- Search buffers in metres (m)
- C1 Crossrail 1 Stations
- Crossrail 1 Route
- C2 Crossrail 2 Stations
- Crossrail 2 Route
- Crossrail 2 Worksites
- Crossrail 2 Safeguarding
- Crossrail 2 Headhouses
- Railway stations
- Active railways
- Active tunnels
- Abandoned railways
- Historic railways
- Historic tunnels
- Underground stations
- Underground Lines
- Royal Mail tunnels
- HS2 optimised route
- HS2 Stations
- HS2 Depots
- HS2 Surface Safeguarding
- HS2 Subsurface Safeguarding

22.1 Underground railways (London)

Records within 250m

0

Details of all active London Underground lines, including approximate tunnel roof depth and operational hours.

This data is sourced from publicly available information by Groundsure.

22.2 Underground railways (Non-London)

Records within 250m

0

Details of the Merseyrail system, the Tyne and Wear Metro and the Glasgow Subway. Not all parts of all systems are located underground. The data contains location information only and does not include a depth assessment.



This data is sourced from publicly available information by Groundsure.

22.3 Railway tunnels

Records within 250m

0

Railway tunnels taken from contemporary Ordnance Survey mapping.

This data is sourced from the Ordnance Survey.

22.4 Historical railway and tunnel features

Records within 250m

9

Railways and tunnels digitised from historical Ordnance Survey mapping as scales of 1:1,250, 1:2,500, 1:10,000 and 1:10,560.

Features are displayed on the Railway infrastructure and projects map on [page 169 >](#)

Location	Land Use	Year of mapping	Mapping scale
On site	Railway Sidings	1960	2500
On site	Railway Sidings	1966	10560
On site	Railway Sidings	1976	10000
136m NW	Railway Sidings	1966	10560
146m SW	Railway Sidings	1976	10000
196m SW	Railway Sidings	1972	1250
198m SW	Railway Sidings	1960	1250
198m SW	Railway Sidings	1968	2500
198m SW	Disused Railway Sidings	1960	2500

This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey/Groundsure.

22.5 Royal Mail tunnels

Records within 250m

0

The Post Office Railway, otherwise known as the Mail Rail, is an underground railway running through Central London from Paddington Head District Sorting Office to Whitechapel Eastern Head Sorting Office. The line is 10.5km long. The data includes details of the full extent of the tunnels, the depth of the tunnel, and the depth to track level.

This data is sourced from Groundsure/the Postal Museum.



22.6 Historical railways

Records within 250m

0

Former railway lines, including dismantled lines, abandoned lines, disused lines, historic railways and razed lines.

This data is sourced from OpenStreetMap.

22.7 Railways

Records within 250m

0

Currently existing railway lines, including standard railways, narrow gauge, funicular, trams and light railways.

This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey and OpenStreetMap.

22.8 Crossrail 1

Records within 500m

0

The Crossrail railway project links 41 stations over 100 kilometres from Reading and Heathrow in the west, through underground sections in central London, to Shenfield and Abbey Wood in the east.

This data is sourced from publicly available information by Groundsure.

22.9 Crossrail 2

Records within 500m

0

Crossrail 2 is a proposed railway linking the national rail networks in Surrey and Hertfordshire via an underground tunnel through London.

This data is sourced from publicly available information by Groundsure.

22.10 HS2

Records within 500m

0

HS2 is a proposed high speed rail network running from London to Manchester and Leeds via Birmingham. Main civils construction on Phase 1 (London to Birmingham) of the project began in 2019, and it is currently anticipated that this phase will be fully operational by 2026. Construction on Phase 2a (Birmingham to Crewe) is anticipated to commence in 2021, with the service fully operational by 2027. Construction on Phase 2b (Crewe to Manchester and Birmingham to Leeds) is scheduled to begin in 2023 and be operational by 2033.

This data is sourced from HS2 Ltd.



Data providers

Groundsure works with respected data providers to bring you the most relevant and accurate information. To find out who they are and their areas of expertise see <https://www.groundsure.com/sources-reference> ↗.

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